



# GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

## OF THE

# REPUBLIC OF NAMIBIA

N\$4.60

WINDHOEK - 27 June 2003

No.3007

### CONTENTS

	<i>Page</i>
<b>GOVERNMENT NOTICE</b>	
No. 130 Regulations regarding Magistrates: Magistrates Act, 2003 .....	1

## Government Notice

### MINISTRY OF JUSTICE

No. 130

2003

#### REGULATIONS REGARDING MAGISTRATES: MAGISTRATES ACT, 2003

The Minister responsible for justice, on the recommendation of the Magistrates Commission, has under section 27 of the Magistrates Act, 2003 (Act No. 3 of 2003), made the regulations set out in the Schedule.

#### SCHEDULE

#### ARRANGEMENT OF REGULATIONS

##### PART I PRELIMINARY

Regulation

1. Definitions

##### PART II RECRUITING OF AND APPLICATION BY CANDIDATES FOR APPOINTMENT AS MAGISTRATES

2. Advertising of vacancies in magistracy

3. Application for appointment as magistrate
4. Privileges on appointment as magistrate

**PART III  
CONDITIONS OF SERVICE AND BENEFITS  
OF MAGISTRATES**

5. Remuneration of magistrates
6. Transfer and resettlement costs
7. Subsistence allowances
8. Overtime
9. Official hours of attendance
10. Absence during official hours of attendance
11. Abscondment
12. Leave of absence
13. Leave gratuity
14. Official residential quarters

**PART IV  
INCAPACITY TO PERFORM DUTIES EFFICIENTLY**

15. Procedure of investigation into magistrate's incapacity
16. Procedure after finding of incapacity

**PART V  
DISMISSAL FROM AND VACATION OF OFFICE  
ON ACCOUNT OF CONTINUED ILL-HEALTH**

17. Procedure of investigation into magistrate's continued ill-health
18. Vacation of office at own request on account of continued ill-health

**PART VI  
COMPLAINTS AND GRIEVANCES**

*Complaints and grievances of magistrates*

19. Procedure regarding investigation of complaints and grievances
20. Decision of Commission regarding complaints and grievances

*Complaints from members of the public*

21. Procedure regarding investigation of complaints
22. Decision of Commission regarding complaints

**PART VII  
OFFICIAL TRAVELLING AND TRANSPORT**

23. Official journeys
24. Transport
25. Government motor transport

**PART VIII  
GENERAL PROVISIONS**

26. Medical examinations
27. Official channels of communication
28. Private financial transactions
29. Legal proceedings for debt
30. Acceptance of gifts or benefits
31. Replying to questions
32. Confidential nature of documents

33. Recognition of professional association
34. Exceptional cases
35. Short title and commencement

**SCHEDULE 1**  
**Remuneration of magistrates**

**SCHEDULE 2**  
**Forms**

**PART I**  
**PRELIMINARY**

**Definitions**

1. In these regulations any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the Act, bears the meaning so assigned to it, and unless the context otherwise indicates -

“accommodation” means lodging, meals (including non-alcoholic beverages with meals) and laundry;

“candidate” means a person who applies for appointment as a magistrate;

“head of office” means -

- (a) the Chief: Lower Courts; or
- (b) where more than one magistrate is appointed for a regional division, district division, district or subdistrict, the magistrate designated in terms of section 11(2)(b) of the Act as the head of that regional division, district division, district or subdistrict: Provided that in respect of the magistrate so designated, the Chief: Lower Courts is deemed to be the head of office;

“household”, in relation to a magistrate, means -

- (a) the spouse of the magistrate;
- (b) the magistrate’s or the spouse of the magistrate’s of necessity dependent child who is *bona fide* resident with the magistrate: Provided that if such child studies at an institution for post-school education, whether intramurally or extramurally, he or she is deemed to be a member of the household, but only -
  - (i) if he or she did not, after leaving school, take up any permanent full-time employment (including any type of vocational training to which remuneration is attached), excluding work during vacations or any temporary full-time employment which he or she had taken up between leaving school and the commencement of the academic year, and he or she had commenced his or her studies at such an institution at the commencement of the academic year following the completion of his or her schooling; and
  - (ii) until -
    - (aa) he or she attains the minimum post-school qualification (or minimum combination of post-school qualifications) which will enable him or her to take up employment in the field of study for which he or she originally intended to qualify himself or herself; or
    - (bb) the normal prescribed duration of the study period, as prescribed by the institution concerned for the study course, plus one academic year, expires if it takes him or her longer than such prescribed period

to attain the relevant qualification as a result of poor academic performance; or

(cc) he or she discontinues the course of study concerned; or

(dd) he or she changes his or her course of study,

whichever of the said four events occurs first;

- (c) the magistrate's or the spouse of the magistrate's relative who is permanently resident with him or her and who is of necessity dependent on him or her and whose income, from any source, does not exceed the sum of the appropriate maximum basic state pension payable in terms of the National Pensions Act, 1992 (Act No. 10 of 1992): Provided that where two relatives so reside with the magistrate and are dependent on him or her and where the one relative would normally have been a dependant of the other relative, both such relatives may be regarded as members of his or her household only if half of their joint income, from any source, does not exceed the sum of the said maximum basic state pension; and
- (d) not more than two domestic workers (including nursemaids) employed in a full-time capacity by the magistrate;

“official residential quarters” means those quarters, inclusive of buildings, outbuildings, grounds, fixtures, fittings, machines and equipment, but exclusive of furniture, that are owned or are held on lease or are otherwise in the lawful possession of the State, and that are available to the Permanent Secretary for assignment in terms of regulation H4 of the Public Service Regulations or that have been allotted to a magistrate in terms of regulation H5 of the Public Service Regulations;

“Permanent Secretary” means the Permanent Secretary: Justice;

“personal belongings” means the movable property of a magistrate and his or her household, which is normally intended for personal use, including vehicles, but excluding domestic animals, pets and livestock;

“Public Service Regulations” means the Public Service Regulations made under the Public Service Act, 1980 (Act No. 2 of 1980), and which -

- (a) are published in Government Notice No. AG. 28 of 1 April 1981; and
- (b) continue to exist by virtue of section 37(1) of the Public Service Act, 1995 (Act No. 13 of 1995);

“Public Service Staff Rules” means the Public Service Staff Rules referred to in section 35(1) of the Public Service Act, 1995 (Act No. 13 of 1995);

“scheme vehicle” means a motor vehicle in respect of which a motor vehicle allowance is payable in accordance with Chapter D.VIII of the Public Service Staff Rules;

“State” means the Government of the Republic of Namibia;

“station”, in relation to a magistrate, means the city, town or other place where the principal duties of a magistrate are or have to be performed;

“subsistence allowance” means payment designed to reimburse a magistrate in respect of reasonable expenses necessarily incurred by him or her on accommodation, whilst absent from his or her station on official duty, over and above his or her normal living expenses at home;

“the Act” means the Magistrates Act, 2003 (Act No. 3 of 2003).

**PART II**  
**RECRUITING OF AND APPLICATION BY CANDIDATES**  
**FOR APPOINTMENT AS MAGISTRATES**

**Advertising of vacancies in magistracy**

2. The Commission must advertise or cause to be advertised a vacancy in the magistracy -

- (a) by circular in the Public Service; and
- (b) in at least two newspapers circulating throughout Namibia,

in the official language of Namibia.

**Application for appointment as magistrate**

3. (1) A candidate must make an application for appointment as magistrate in writing on a form which corresponds substantially with Form 1 of Schedule 2 and hand it in to the Chief: Lower Courts or at a magistrate's office.

(2) An application in terms of subregulation (1) must be accompanied by the following documents:

- (a) A certified copy of the candidate's identity document;
- (b) a completed health questionnaire which corresponds substantially with Form 2 of Schedule 2;
- (c) certified copies of all educational qualifications;
- (d) certificates of service or, if not available, an affidavit by the candidate in respect of previous periods of service;
- (e) testimonials from previous employers, if available;
- (f) an affidavit setting out the candidate's assets and liabilities;
- (g) a statement of the names and addresses of two references; and
- (h) a certified copy of the candidate's permanent residence permit if the candidate is a permanent resident (other than a citizen) of Namibia.

(3) If the documents referred to in subregulations (1) and (2) are handed in at a magistrate's office, such documents must promptly be sent to the Chief: Lower Courts by the head of office or, where there is only one magistrate, by that magistrate.

(4) The Chief: Lower Courts must submit every application received by him or her in terms of subregulation (1) or (3), together with all accompanying documents, to the Commission for consideration regarding the suitability of the applicant for appointment as a magistrate.

(5) The Commission may not consider an application submitted to it in terms of this regulation unless -

- (a) the application form is duly completed and accompanied by the documents prescribed by subregulation (2); and
- (b) the applicant has signed the declaration contained in the application form that the particulars furnished in that form are complete and correct.

(6) A candidate must, at the time and place determined by the Commission, appear before the Commission to be examined for his or her suitability for appointment as a magistrate.

(7) A confidential report substantially in the form of Form 3 of Schedule 2 must be completed by the Commission when interviewing a candidate.

(8) The Commission must make a recommendation to the Minister regarding the suitability of a candidate for appointment as a magistrate.

### **Privileges on appointment as magistrate**

4. (1) A person who, when appointed as magistrate, necessarily has to relocate his or her household to assume office is entitled to reimbursement of the reasonable actual expenses incurred as a result of such relocation in respect of travelling, as well as the transport, insurance and storage costs of his or her personal belongings for a period not exceeding one month, on the same basis as that set out in Chapter F of the Public Service Regulations.

(2) A magistrate to whom expenses are paid under subregulation (1) must conclude a written contract with the State, substantially in the form of Form 4 of Schedule 2, in which he or she undertakes to serve as magistrate for a period of not less than 12 months.

(3) If a magistrate does not comply with the terms of a contract concluded in terms of subregulation (2), he or she must, in respect of the remaining period, repay a proportional part of the amount which was paid to him or her under subregulation (1).

(4) The Commission must determine the conditions, guidelines, procedures and requirements in respect of the payment of the expenses referred to in this regulation.

(5) The Commission may lengthen the periods referred to in subregulations (1) and (2).

## **PART III CONDITIONS OF SERVICE AND BENEFITS OF MAGISTRATES**

### **Remuneration of magistrates**

5. The remuneration payable to a magistrate in terms of section 18 of the Act is as set out in Schedule 1 opposite his or her grade.

### **Transfer and resettlement costs**

6. (1) A magistrate who is transferred under section 19(1) of the Act is entitled to reimbursement of such expenses actually and necessarily incurred as a result of such transfer as are provided for in Chapter F of the Public Service Regulations.

(2) For the purposes of subregulation (1), any reference in Chapter F of the Public Service Regulations to -

- (a) an officer or employee, is to be construed as a reference to a magistrate;
- (b) the Public Service Commission, is to be construed as a reference to the Magistrates Commission;
- (c) headquarters, is to be construed as a reference to the station of a magistrate.

**Subsistence allowances**

7. (1) A magistrate who is on official duty away from his or her station is entitled to such subsistence allowances as are prescribed by or under Chapter D of the Public Service Regulations and Chapter D.III of the Public Service Staff Rules.

(2) For the purposes of subregulation (1), any reference in Chapter D of the Public Service Regulations and Chapter D.III of the Public Service Staff Rules to -

- (a) an officer or employee, is to be construed as a reference to a magistrate;
- (b) the Public Service Commission, is to be construed as a reference to the Magistrates Commission;
- (c) headquarters, is to be construed as a reference to the station of a magistrate.

**Overtime**

8. When a magistrate is required to perform official duties outside his or her official hours of attendance, he or she is, subject to the approval of the Commission, entitled to remuneration as approved for public servants of equal rank.

**Official hours of attendance**

9. The official hours of attendance of a magistrate are Mondays to Fridays, excluding public holidays, from 08:00 to 17:00, with a lunch interval from 13:00 to 14:00.

**Absence during official hours of attendance**

10. A magistrate may not be absent from his or her place of duty during the official hours of attendance referred to in regulation 9 without the consent of his or her head of office.

**Abscondment**

11. (1) If a magistrate is absent without leave or valid cause from his or her office or duty for a period of 30 days or longer, the Chief: Lower Courts must promptly inform the Commission accordingly, and it is then deemed that the magistrate has absconded and made himself or herself guilty of misconduct.

(2) After the Commission has been informed in terms of subregulation (1) of the absence of a magistrate, the Commission -

- (a) may suspend the magistrate under section 21(1) of the Act; and
- (b) must deal with the magistrate in accordance with Part V of the Act.

**Leave of absence**

12. (1) The provisions of Chapter C of the Public Service Regulations and Chapter D.I of the Public Service Staff Rules apply with the necessary changes to magistrates, but the granting of any leave to magistrates is subject to approval by the Chief: Lower Courts.

(2) For the purposes of subregulation (1), any reference in Chapter C of the Public Service Regulations and Chapter D.I of the Public Service Staff Rules to -

- (a) an officer or employee, is to be construed as a reference to a magistrate;
- (b) the Public Service Commission, is to be construed as a reference to the Magistrates Commission.

**Leave gratuity**

13. The provisions of the Public Service Staff Rules relating to leave gratuity apply with the necessary changes to magistrates.

**Official residential quarters**

14. (1) A magistrate may, subject to subregulation (2), make use of official residential quarters if such quarters are available.

(2) If a magistrate makes use of official residential quarters, the provisions of Chapter H of the Public Service Regulations and Chapter D.VII of the Public Service Staff Rules apply with the necessary changes thereto, and for that purpose any reference in those provisions to an officer or employee is to be construed as a reference to a magistrate.

**PART IV**  
**INCAPACITY TO PERFORM DUTIES EFFICIENTLY**

**Procedure of investigation into magistrate's incapacity**

15. (1) If the Commission has reason to believe that a magistrate has become incapable of performing the duties of his or her office efficiently, the Commission may cause an investigation to be carried out into the capacity of the magistrate to perform the duties of his or her office efficiently.

(2) An investigation under subregulation (1) must be carried out as soon as possible by a magistrate or any other person designated by the Commission, and for that purpose that magistrate or other person has the powers conferred by section 26(6) of the Act.

(3) The magistrate with regard to whom an investigation is to be carried out under subregulation (1) -

- (a) must be informed in writing by the person who is to conduct the investigation of the date, time and place of the investigation; and
- (b) has the right -
  - (i) to a statement, in writing, of the grounds upon which it is alleged that he or she no longer has the capacity to perform the duties of his or her office in an efficient manner;
  - (ii) to be present at the investigation;
  - (iii) to be assisted or represented by a legal practitioner;
  - (iv) to give evidence; and
  - (v) either personally or through a legal practitioner -
    - (aa) to be heard;
    - (bb) to call witnesses;
    - (cc) to cross-examine any person called as a witness in support of the allegations against him or her; and
    - (dd) to examine any book, document or object produced in evidence.

(4) The magistrate in respect of whom an investigation is carried out, must answer fully all relevant questions put to him or her by the person who conducts the investigation.



(5) After the conclusion of an investigation under subregulation (1), the person who conducted the investigation must make a finding and, subject to regulation 16, inform the Commission and the magistrate concerned in writing of his or her finding.

#### **Procedure after finding of incapacity**

**16.** (1) If the person who conducts an investigation under regulation 15 finds that the magistrate concerned does not have the capacity to perform the duties of his or her office efficiently, he or she must, within seven days after the conclusion of the investigation -

- (a) forward to the Commission -
  - (i) the record of the proceedings at the investigation, including any documentary evidence adduced thereat;
  - (ii) a written statement of his or her finding and the reasons therefor; and
  - (iii) any observations which he or she may wish to make on the matter; and
- (b) furnish the magistrate concerned with a copy of the statement of his or her finding and the reasons therefor.

(2) The magistrate concerned may, within 14 days of receipt of a copy of the statement referred to in subregulation (1)(b), submit to the Commission comments in writing regarding the finding and the reasons therefor.

(3) If the Commission for whatever reason considers it necessary, the Commission may cause a further investigation to be carried out into the capacity of the magistrate concerned to perform the duties of his or her office efficiently.

(4) If, after consideration of the record of the proceedings at the investigation (including the finding and the reasons therefor) and all other documents relating to the investigation, the Commission is satisfied that the magistrate concerned is incapable of performing the duties of his or her office efficiently, the Commission must -

- (a) notify that magistrate in writing of its decision and afford him or her an opportunity to resign as magistrate within 14 days of receipt of the notice; and
- (b) if that magistrate refuses or fails to resign within the period mentioned in paragraph (a), make a written recommendation to the Minister that the magistrate be dismissed from office in terms of section 21(3)(b)(ii) of the Act and submit, together with the recommendation, such record and other relevant documents to the Minister.

### **PART V DISMISSAL FROM AND VACATION OF OFFICE ON ACCOUNT OF CONTINUED ILL-HEALTH**

#### **Procedure of investigation into magistrate's continued ill-health**

**17.** (1) If the Commission has reason to believe that a magistrate is on account of continued ill-health no longer fit to hold office, the Commission may carry out an investigation into the continued ill-health of the magistrate.

(2) The Commission must, before the commencement of an investigation under subregulation (1), inform the magistrate concerned in writing of the investigation.

(3) The magistrate with regard to whom an investigation is carried out under subregulation (1) must, within 30 days of receipt of the notice of the investigation, submit to the Commission a medical report from a registered medical practitioner of his or her own choice, together with such observations as he or she may wish to make.

(4) The Commission may require the magistrate concerned to also submit himself or herself to a medical examination by a medical practitioner designated by the Commission, whereafter the medical practitioner must submit a medical report to the Commission.

(5) The costs incidental to the medical examinations referred to in subregulations (3) and (4) must be paid by the State.

(6) On receipt of a medical report in terms of subregulation (4), if any, the Commission must furnish the magistrate concerned with a copy thereof.

(7) The magistrate concerned may, within 14 days of receipt of a copy of the medical report referred to in subregulation (6), submit to the Commission comments in writing regarding that report.

(8) If, after consideration of all the medical reports and other documents relating to the investigation, the Commission is satisfied that the magistrate concerned is on account of continued ill-health no longer fit to hold office, the Commission must -

- (a) notify that magistrate in writing of its decision and afford him or her an opportunity to resign as magistrate within 14 days of receipt of the notice; and
- (b) if that magistrate refuses or fails to resign within the period mentioned in paragraph (a), make a written recommendation to the Minister that the magistrate be dismissed from office in terms of section 21(3)(b)(i) of the Act and submit, together with the recommendation, all relevant medical reports and other documents to the Minister.

#### **Vacation of office at own request on account of continued ill-health**

18. (1) A magistrate who wishes to vacate his or her office under paragraph (a)(i) of section 21(5) of the Act on account of continued ill-health must, in accordance with paragraph (b) of that section, submit such request in writing to the Commission, together with full particulars in support thereof.

(2) A request under section 21(5)(a)(i) of the Act must be accompanied by a medical report from a registered medical practitioner of the magistrate's own choice, setting out the medical history, including the present medical condition, of the magistrate.

(3) The Commission may, after receipt of a request referred to in subregulation (1) and the accompanying medical report referred to in subregulation (2), require the magistrate concerned to also submit himself or herself to a medical examination by a medical practitioner designated by the Commission, whereafter the medical practitioner must submit a medical report to the Commission.

(4) After consideration of a request and all relevant medical reports submitted to it in terms of this regulation, the Commission must, in accordance with section 21(5)(c) of the Act, submit the request, together with its recommendation whether or not the magistrate concerned should be allowed to vacate his or her office on account of continued ill-health, to the Minister.

(5) The costs incidental to the medical examinations referred to in subregulations (2) and (3) must be paid by the magistrate concerned.

**PART VI**  
**COMPLAINTS AND GRIEVANCES**

*Complaints and grievances of magistrates*

**Procedure regarding investigation of complaints and grievances**

19. (1) If a magistrate is dissatisfied or discontented with an official act or omission, he or she may submit his or her complaint or grievance in writing to his or her head of office, giving full particulars of the complaint or grievance.

(2) On receipt of a complaint or grievance under subregulation (1), the head of office must investigate the complaint or grievance and inform the magistrate concerned in writing of the result of the investigation.

(3) (a) If -

(i) a head of office fails to carry out an investigation in terms of subregulation (2) within 10 working days of receipt of a complaint or grievance, the magistrate concerned may, within 10 working days after expiry of the aforesaid period, submit his or her complaint or grievance in writing to the Commission; or

(ii) a magistrate is dissatisfied with the outcome of the investigation by his or her head of office, the magistrate may, within 10 working days of receipt of the result of the investigation, submit his or her complaint or grievance in writing to the Commission, together with a copy of the reply of his or her head of office.

(b) On receipt of a complaint or grievance under paragraph (a), the Commission must deal therewith in such manner as it may consider appropriate, and may designate a magistrate or any other person to investigate that complaint or grievance.

(c) After the conclusion of an investigation under paragraph (b), the magistrate or other person who conducted the investigation must submit his or her recommendation and all documents relating to the investigation to the Commission.

(d) The Commission may, after receipt of a recommendation in terms of paragraph (c), cause such further investigation to be carried out as it may consider necessary.

**Decision of Commission regarding complaints and grievances**

20. After completion of an investigation under regulation 19(3) into a complaint or grievance, the Commission must -

(a) take such steps with regard to the complaint or grievance as it may consider necessary to redress the wrong or otherwise to satisfy the magistrate concerned; and

(b) inform the magistrate concerned in writing of the steps so taken.

*Complaints from members of the public*

**Procedure regarding investigation of complaints**

21. (1) A member of the public (hereinafter referred to as the complainant) may, by written declaration under oath or affirmation, lodge a complaint with the Commission on the alleged improper conduct of a magistrate or alleged maladministration of justice in a lower court.

(2) A declaration referred to in subregulation (1) must at least contain the following particulars:

- (a) The date and time of the incident to which the complaint relates;
- (b) the nature of the matter in question;
- (c) the names of the persons involved and of any witnesses;
- (d) the grounds on which the complainant is of the opinion that an investigation is justified; and
- (e) all other relevant information known to the complainant.

(3) On receipt of a complaint under subregulation (1), the Commission -

- (a) must -
  - (i) acknowledge receipt thereof in writing to the complainant; and
  - (ii) deal with the complaint in such manner as it may consider appropriate; and
- (b) may designate a magistrate or any other person to investigate the complaint.

(4) After the conclusion of an investigation under subregulation (3)(b), the magistrate or other person who conducted the investigation must submit his or her recommendation and all documents relating to the investigation to the Commission.

(5) The Commission may, after receipt of a recommendation in terms of subregulation (4), cause such further investigation to be carried out as it may consider necessary.

#### **Decision of Commission regarding complaints**

**22.** After completion of an investigation under regulation 21 into a complaint, the Commission must -

- (a) take such steps with regard to the complaint as it may consider necessary to redress the wrong or otherwise to satisfy the complainant; and
- (b) inform the complainant in writing of the steps so taken.

### **PART VII OFFICIAL TRAVELLING AND TRANSPORT**

#### **Official journeys**

**23.** (1) All official journeys must be authorized in writing by the head of office concerned who must ensure that the journeys are necessary and in the interests of the administration of justice.

(2) The head of office referred to in subregulation (1) must consider each application for an official journey, having regard to costs, availability of transport, route, duration and any other relevant circumstances.

#### **Transport**

**24.** (1) A magistrate who performs official duties away from his or her station or after hours at his or her station -

- (a) must, if a scheme vehicle has been made available to him or her, for purposes of an official journey make use of that scheme vehicle;
  - (b) is, if a scheme vehicle has not been made available to him or her, for purposes of an official journey entitled to official transport as if he or she were a staff member of the Ministry of Justice.
- (2) If a magistrate makes use of official transport, the provisions of Chapter E of the Public Service Regulations (in so far as they can be applied) apply with the necessary changes thereto, and for that purpose any reference in those provisions to -
- (a) an officer or employee, is to be construed as a reference to a magistrate;
  - (b) the Public Service Commission, is to be construed as a reference to the Magistrates Commission.

### **Government motor transport**

25. A motor vehicle which is the property of the State may, subject to regulation 24(1), be made available to a magistrate for use on an official journey subject to the same conditions under which such a vehicle is made available to staff members in the service of the State or under such amended or other conditions as the Commission and the Ministry of Justice with the concurrence of the Ministry of Works, Transport and Communication may agree.

## **PART VIII GENERAL PROVISIONS**

### **Medical examinations**

26. (1) A magistrate may, for any reason related to his or her employment or continued employment in the magistracy, at any time be required by the Commission to submit himself or herself to a medical examination by a registered medical practitioner or a medical board constituted or designated by the Permanent Secretary: Health and Social Services or any other person authorized thereto by him or her.

(2) The costs incidental to a medical examination referred to in subregulation (1) must be paid by the State.

(3) A magistrate who is in terms of subregulation (1) required to be examined may, if he or she so desires, arrange at his or her own expense for his or her private medical practitioner to be present at the examination.

(4) After completion of a medical examination in terms of subregulation (1), the medical practitioner or medical board by whom the medical examination was conducted must submit a medical report to the Commission.

(5) If there are reasonable grounds to suspect that a magistrate is under the influence of intoxicants or stupefying drugs during official hours of attendance, the head of office may, notwithstanding subregulation (1), require the magistrate to submit himself or herself to a medical examination by a registered medical practitioner or to any other test which may lawfully be performed by any other person in order to determine whether he or she is so under the influence.

(6) Medical reports must be in such form as may be determined by the Commission.

### **Official channels of communication**

27. A request or communication to the Commission from a magistrate in connection with any matter falling within the scope of the Commission's powers, duties

or functions, must, unless otherwise provided in these regulations, be addressed to the Chief: Lower Courts through the head of office or, where the Chief: Lower Courts is the head of office, directly to the Chief: Lower Courts for submission to the Commission.

#### **Private financial transactions**

28. (1) A magistrate may not become a party to any form of promissory note for compromising purposes or pay bail on behalf of an accused or sign as surety to any contract.

(2) A magistrate may under no circumstances borrow money from a subordinate.

(3) A magistrate must, if it is evident that he or she is in debt to an unreasonable extent, or if he or she becomes insolvent or assigns his or her estate for the benefit of his or her creditors, or if a judgment for debt has been obtained against him or her in a court of law, and he or she is so requested, furnish the Chief: Lower Courts with an explanation in writing as to how the liabilities were incurred and how he or she proposes to liquidate them.

#### **Legal proceedings for debt**

29. (1) The issue of a process for debt, judgment or insolvency proceedings, including the granting of an administration order in terms of the Magistrates' Courts Act, in which a magistrate is the defendant must, together with full particulars thereof, promptly be reported in writing to the Chief: Lower Courts by the registrar of the High Court or the clerk of the lower court which issued the process.

(2) On receipt of a report in terms of subregulation (1), the Chief: Lower Courts must inform the Commission accordingly.

#### **Acceptance of gifts or benefits**

30. A magistrate may not accept any gift or benefit, pecuniary or otherwise, offered to him or her by a member of the public by reason of his or her occupying or having occupied a particular office as magistrate.

#### **Replying to questions**

31. A magistrate must reply explicitly to a lawful question put to him or her by a judge of the High Court, his or her head of office or any other person who is competent to put such question to him or her.

#### **Confidential nature of documents**

32. All documents, files and correspondence concerning anything which is required or permitted to be done under the Act or these regulations and which are under the control of the Ministry of Justice, the Commission or the Chief: Lower Courts are of a confidential nature and no unauthorized person has access thereto.

#### **Recognition of professional association**

33. The Judges' and Magistrates' Association of Namibia is recognized as a professional society representing the interests of magistrates.

#### **Exceptional cases**

34. If circumstances for which no provision is made in these regulations arise which justify a departure from the regulations, the Minister may, on the recommendation of the Commission, in writing approve such departure.

**Short title and commencement**

35. These regulations are called the Regulations regarding Magistrates, 2003, and come into operation on 30 June 2003.

**SCHEDULE 1**

**Remuneration of magistrates  
(Regulation 5)**

Grade of magistrate	Salary scale	Housing Benefits	Motor vehicle allowance			Total annual package
			Capital	Running	Total	
Chief: Lower Courts (Grade 5B)	218 865 (F)	58 000	59 394	14 451	73 845	350 710
Deputy Chief: Lower Courts (Grade 5A)	213 468 (F)	48 000	52 406	13 351	65 757	327 225
Chief Legal Officer (Grade 4A Level 2)	175 638 x 5751 – 187 140	Subsidy	38 431	10 851	49 282	224 920 (Top – 236 422)
Principal Legal Officer (Grade 4A Level 1)	164 136 x 5751 – 175 638	Subsidy	38 431	10 851	49 282	213 418 (Top – 224 920)
Senior Legal Officer (Grade 3B Level 1)	105 537 x 3189 – 118 293	Subsidy	-	-	-	105 537 (Top – 118 293)
Legal Officer (Grade 3A Level 1)	86 322 x 2745 – 102 792	Subsidy	-	-	-	86 322 (Top – 102 792)

**SCHEDULE 2**

**FORM I  
APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT AS MAGISTRATE**

(Regulation 3(1))

**NOTE:** This form is to be completed in ink in your own handwriting and in block letters. The following documents must accompany the application form:

- (a) Certified copy of your identity document.
- (b) Health questionnaire.
- (c) Certified copies of all educational qualifications.
- (d) Service certificates or, if not available, an affidavit by you regarding your previous periods of service.
- (e) Testimonials by previous employers.
- (f) Affidavit of assets and liabilities.
- (g) Statement of the names and addresses of two references.

(h) Certified copy of your permanent residence permit if you are a permanent resident (other than a citizen) of Namibia.

**A. Office applied for**

1. ....

2. Centres where appointment is preferred, in order of preference

.....

.....

.....

3. When can you accept service? .....

**B. Advertising particulars**

1. Reference number (if any)

.....

**C. Personal particulars**

1. Surname (also maiden name if applicable)

.....

2. First names

.....

.....

3. Date of birth

.....

4. Identity number

.....

5. Permanent postal address

.....

..... Code .....

6. Telephone numbers

(H) .....

(W) .....

7. Indicate with an X:

(i) Male ..... (ii) Female ..... (iii) Married ..... (iv) Unmarried .....

(v) Divorced ..... (vi) Widower ..... (viii) Widow .....



- 8. Number and age of dependent children .....
- 9. Are you a Namibian citizen? .....
- 10. If not a Namibian citizen, what is your nationality? .....
- 11. Are you a permanent resident of Namibia? .....
- .....
- 12. Indicate:
  - (i) Have you ever been found guilty of a criminal offence?  
.....
  - (ii) Have you ever paid an admission of guilt for any offence?  
.....
  - (iii) Have you ever appeared in court as an accused?  
.....
  - (iv) Have you ever received a deferred fine?  
.....
  - (v) Was the imposition of sentence ever deferred in your case?  
.....
  - (vi) Have you ever been imposed a suspended sentence?  
.....

If you have answered positively to any of the questions in paragraph 12, attach hereto full particulars thereof.

**D. Proficiency in the official language**

- 1. Indicate 'good', 'fair' or 'bad':
  - Speak .....
  - Read .....
  - Write .....

**E. Qualifications**

Name of educational institution and centre	Certificates, diplomas and degrees obtained	ALL SUBJECTS: (Underline major subjects. In the case of typewriting and shorthand, state languages and speed)	Month and year and place obtained	Normal duration of course	How was the highest qualification obtained? Indicate with an X in the appropriate spaces
School/Technical college	Name only highest qualification				Mainly full-time study
					Mainly part-time study
					Mainly own expense
University and other courses	Mention all qualifications				Mainly State expense
Name field of further study (if any)					

**F. Experience**

Employer (also present)	Position filled	From			To			Reason for leaving
		Y	M	D	Y	M	D	

I declare that the above-mentioned particulars are complete and correct and understand that if I give any false information, I may be found guilty of fraud.

.....  
Signature of applicant

.....  
Date

**FORM 2  
HEALTH QUESTIONNAIRE**

(Regulation 3(2)(b))

Republic of Namibia

<b>FOR OFFICIAL USE</b>	
Accepted/rejected	
..... Signature	
Rank	Date

**A.**

1. Surname (block letters)	Identity No.																
2. First names	Sex																
3. Age	yrs	4. Height	cm	5. Body mass	kg												

**B.**

DO YOU SUFFER OR HAVE YOU SUFFERED FROM	MARK WITH A CROSS IN THE APPROPRIATE COLUMN		IF ANY ANSWER IS YES, GIVE DETAILS OF THE NATURE, SEVERITY, DATE AND DURATION OF THE ILLNESS
	YES	NO	
1. Any skin disease?			..... ..... .....
2. Any affection of the skeleton and/or joints?			..... ..... .....
3. Any affection of the eyes, ears, nose or teeth?			..... ..... .....
4. Any affection of the heart or circulatory system?			..... ..... .....
5. Any affection of the chest or respiratory system?			..... ..... .....
6. Any affection of the digestive system?			..... ..... .....
7. Any affection of the urinary system and/or genital organs?			..... ..... .....

DO YOU SUFFER OR HAVE YOU SUFFERED FROM	MARK WITH A CROSS IN THE APPROPRIATE COLUMN		IF ANY ANSWER IS YES, GIVE DETAILS OF THE NATURE, SEVERITY, DATE AND DURATION OF THE ILLNESS
	YES	NO	
8. Any nervous affection or mental abnormality?			.....
			.....
9. Any other illness?			.....
			.....

**C.**

	Yes	No
1. Do you suffer from any defect of hearing, speech or sight?		
2. Are you physically disabled and do you use artificial limbs?		
GIVE DETAILS OF THE NATURE AND SEVERITY OF THE DISABILITY		
.....		
.....		
.....		
.....		

**D.**

	Yes	No
1. Have you undergone any operation(s)?		
GIVE DETAILS OF THE NATURE AND DATE OF THE OPERATION(S)		
.....		
.....		
.....		
.....		

**E.**

I declare that the above-mentioned information is true and correct and that I have not withheld any information regarding my health and understand that if I give any false information, I may be found guilty of fraud.

.....

Signature Date

**FORM 3  
CONFIDENTIAL REPORT**

(Regulation 3(7))

1. (a) Surname .....  
Full first names .....

(b) Which legal qualifications have been obtained by the applicant?  
.....  
.....  
.....

2. Classify the applicant by an X in respect of:

(a) (i) Conduct and attitude:  
Most unfavourable .....  
Rather unfavourable .....  
Average .....  
Favourable .....  
Very favourable .....  
(ii) Does the applicant appear to be alert, normal or passive? .....  
(iii) General remarks, if any: .....  
.....  
.....

(b) (i) Personal appearance:  
Unkempt and most untidy .....  
Rather untidy .....  
Average .....  
Better than average .....  
Neat and tasteful .....  
(ii) Does the applicant have an acceptable personality? .....  
(iii) Does the applicant have enthusiasm and ambition? .....  
On what are your impressions based?  
.....  
.....  
(iv) General remarks, if any: .....  
.....  
.....

- (c) (i) Speech and conduct:
- Rather bad-mannered .....
- Applicant adheres to general formalities .....
- Well-mannered but self-conscious .....
- Does the applicant speak clearly and comprehensibly? .....
- (ii) Speech is refined, the applicant is courteous and full of self-confidence .....
- (iii) Does the applicant appear to be disciplined? .....
- (iv) General remarks, if any: .....
- (d) (i) Eligibility for appointment:
- I would definitely not appoint the applicant .....
- I am a little doubtful .....
- I would give the applicant a chance .....
- I would definitely appoint the applicant .....
- I would do everything in my power to bring about the appointment of the applicant .....
- (ii) Your impression regarding the applicant's legal knowledge .....
- (e) Proficiency in the official language:
- Poor .....
- Reasonable .....
- Good .....
- Poor:** Proficiency in language is so limited that it is of no practical use.
- Reasonable:** Does not speak fluently, but in a way that shows a lack of knowledge of the general characteristics of the language.
- Good:** Ability to express thoughts in correct language.
- (f) Does the applicant give preference to any special centre? .....
3. Does the applicant have any physical disabilities? If any, describe:.....

.....  
Signature of person conducting interview

.....  
Name in block letters

Rank .....

Office .....

Date .....

**FORM 4  
AGREEMENT**

(Regulation 4(2))

In terms of regulation 4(2) I, .....

.....

from .....

.....  
(official address)

bind myself contractually to the State to work in the office to which I have been appointed from ..... for a period of not less than 12 months: Provided that should I resign or be discharged before expiry of the period of 12 months, it would be regarded as a breach of contract and in such case I undertake to repay a proportional part of the expenses incurred by the State on my behalf.

.....  
Signature

.....  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_