

# **OFFICIAL GAZETTE**

# REPUBLIC OF SEYCHELLES

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No. 25

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	Notification of proposed reclamation at Cascade under section 6(2) and (3) of Cap 106. (S.I. 47 of 2022)	12.00
	Seychelles Qualification Authority Act, 2021 (Commencement) Notice, 2022. (S.I. 48 of 2022)	4.00
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### **GENERAL NOTICES**

No. 408 of 2022

## **NOTICE**

# ACCESS TO INFORMATION ACT, 2018

(Act No. 4 of 2018)

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7(1) of The Access to Information Act, 2018 (Act 4 of 2018) the head of the **Disaster Risk Management Division** hereby designate **Ms.** Cheryl Bristol as the Information Officer for **Disaster Risk Management Division**.

Dated this: 14th April, 2022.

Mr. Robert Ernesta Director General Disaster Risk Management Division

**Contact Details of Information Officer** 

Telephone: 4389898 / 2646976 Email: <a href="mailto:cheryl.bristol@drdm.gov.sc">cheryl.bristol@drdm.gov.sc</a> No. 409 of 2022

# **Curatelle Act**

# **Notice of Appointment of Executor**

Notice is hereby given that on the 7<sup>th</sup> December 2021, the Master appointed Karen Janice Veena Pillay of Saint Louis N.I.N 974-0011-1-0-54 as executrix of the succession of Dina Aliette Pillay under section 23 (2) of the Curatelle Act 2021.

No. 414 of 2022

### FOUNDATIONS ACT

### Section 95(4)

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Section 95(4) of the Foundations Act, 2009 that **SINOHARBOUR FOUNDATION No. 000742** have been struck off the register owing to dissolution, with effect from 6<sup>th</sup> April, 2022.

**Financial Services Authority** 

No. 415 of 2022

### FOUNDATIONS ACT

# Section 99(1)

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Section 99(1) of the Foundations Act, 2009 that the names of the below foundations will be struck off the register unless payment of annual fees and all penalty fees are paid within 90 days from 22<sup>nd</sup> April, 2022.

Foundation Name	Reg. No.
Hermes Foundation	935
Titans Group Foundation	338
Fairness Foundation	939
.vote Foundation	940

**Financial Services Authority** 

No. 416 of 2022

### FOUNDATIONS ACT

## Section 99(2)

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Section 99(2) of the Foundations Act, 2009 that the names of the below foundations will be struck off the register unless payment of annual fees and all penalty fees are paid within 90 days from 22<sup>nd</sup> April, 2022.

Foundation Name	Reg. No.
El Secreto del Rinoceronte Foundation	340
Random Acts OK Foundation	757
HWH FOUNDATION	823
JEFAIRE FAMILY FOUNDATION	824
Jubilee International Foundation	894

**Financial Services Authority** 

No. 417 of 2022

### INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS COMPANIES ACT

(Act 15 of 2016)

# Sections 272(1)(b)(ii) and 272(2)(b)

Notice is hereby given in accordance with section 272(2)(b) of the International Business Companies Act, 2016 (the Act), that the following companies will be struck off the register at the expiration of 60 days from the date of this publication, pursuant to section 272(1)(b)(ii) of the Act.

<b>Company Name</b>	IBC No.
Happy 77 Traders Robots Systems Ltd	191307
BFK LIMITED	226586
TRADEOUIP ESPANA CORP	225694

**Financial Services Authority** 

No. 418 of 2022

### INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS COMPANIES ACT

(Act 15 of 2016)

**Section 217(5)(c)** 

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Section 217(5)(c) of the International Business Companies Act, 2016 that Colmpex Limited - No. 141107 has been struck off the register owing to continuation in another jurisdiction, with effect from 11th April, 2022.

Financial Services Authority

No. 419 of 2022

### INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS COMPANIES ACT

(Act 15 of 2016)

**Section 217(5)(c)** 

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Section 217(5)(c) of the International Business Companies Act, 2016 that the following companies have been struck off the register owing to continuation in another jurisdiction, with effect from 14th April, 2022.

Company Name	IBC No.
BRILLIANT OCEAN GROUP LIMITED	224721
Alpha Real Estate Investment Co Ltd.	143492

**Financial Services Authority** 

No. 420 of 2022

# INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS COMPANIES ACT

(Act 15 of 2016)

Sections 297(3)(a) and 297(5)

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Section 297(5) of the International Business Companies Act, 2016 (the Act) that the following companies have been struck off the register owing to dissolution, with effect from 11<sup>th</sup> April, 2022 in accordance with Section 297(3)(a) of the Act.

Company Name	IBC No.
GD Power Ltd.	128020
SHANGHAI PUDONG IMPORT & EXPORT CO., LTD.	
上海浦東進出口有限公司	128352
Shanghai Finewear Corporation	132385

**Financial Services Authority** 

No. 421 of 2022

## INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS COMPANIES ACT

(Act 15 of 2016)

Sections 297(3)(a) and 297(5)

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Section 297(5) of the International Business Companies Act, 2016 (the Act) that the following companies have been struck off the register owing to dissolution, with effect from 12<sup>th</sup> April, 2022 in accordance with Section 297(3)(a) of the Act.

Company Name	IBC No.
DAMINESA INTERNATIONAL LIMITED	141113
RMWT INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD.	183561
Global Synergy Investment Ltd.	187149
GOLD RISING CORP. 金昇股份有限公司	161108

**Financial Services Authority** 

No. 422 of 2022

### INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS COMPANIES ACT

(Act 15 of 2016)

Sections 297(3)(a) and 297(5)

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Section 297(5) of the International Business Companies Act, 2016 (the Act) that the following companies have been struck off the register owing to dissolution, with effect from 12<sup>th</sup> April, 2022 in accordance with Section 297(3)(a) of the Act.

Company Name	IBC No.
Welor Ltd	200113
Kovigor Ltd	200114
Christalides Corporate Services Ltd	200141
SMART PLAN VENTURES LIMITED 巧策創投有限公司	139191
Secure Asset LTD	187029

**Financial Services Authority** 

No. 423 of 2022

# INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS COMPANIES ACT

(Act 15 of 2016)

Sections 297(3)(a) and 297(5)

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Section 297(5) of the International Business Companies Act, 2016 (the Act) that the following companies have been struck off the register owing to dissolution, with effect from 13<sup>th</sup> April, 2022 in accordance with Section 297(3)(a) of the Act.

<b>Company Name</b>	IBC No.
ARTLINE RESOURCES LIMITED	218577
Phoenicians Ltd	218104
Ardas Group Inc.	39070
Vialex Investments Limited	187571
FINEST DECODE LIMITED	124116
Shanghai Finewear Corporation	159344
Presotea International Group Co., Ltd.	86813

**Financial Services Authority** 

No. 424 of 2022

### INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS COMPANIES ACT

(Act 15 of 2016)

Sections 297(3)(a) and 297(5)

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Section 297(5) of the International Business Companies Act, 2016 (the Act) that **Koochai Assets Limited - No. 189048** has been struck off the

register owing to dissolute 297(3)(a) of the Act.	on, with effect from 14th Ap	oril, 2022 in accordance with Section	
		Financial Services Authority	
No. 425 of 2022 INTER	(Act 15 of 2016) Sections 297(3)(a) and		
Act, 2016 (the Act) that <b>G</b>	OLD BRIGHT INC LIMIT	the International Business Companies FED - No. 161126 has been struck off April, 2022 in accordance with Section Financial Services Authority	
No. 426 of 2022	NOTICE OF LAND SU	JRVEY	
The following survey has Victoria:-	been lodged with the Directo	or of Surveys at Independence House,	
Parcel Nos. V21758	Owner Action Marine Ltd	<b>Location</b> Providence, Mahe	
Under Section 14 of the Land Survey Act (Cap. 109) any objections to the beacons and boundaries must be lodged in the Registry of the Supreme Court within two months of the			
date of publication of this		A.Y.R. Savy Land Surveyor	
No. 427 of 2022	NOTICE		
Notice is hereby given in pursuance of Section 96 of the Civil Status Act (Cap. 34) that the Chief Officer of the Civil Status has granted the under noted applications made under section 94 of Cap. 34.			
Ms Thelma Casquette auth Mary Joseph.	orized to change her name fro	om Thelma Mary Casquette to Thelma	
Mr Zhou Zhou authorized	to change his name from Zhou	u Zhou to Zhou Ken Zhou.	
		N. Flore For: Chief Officer of the Civil Status	

CHANGE OF NAME

No. 428 of 2022

Notice is hereby given that I have applied to the Chief Officer of the Civil Status to change my name from David Roly Auguste to David Roly A-Chang Waye agreeable with sections 94-99 of Cap. 34. Any person interested may oppose such application by filing a protest in writing setting forth his/her grounds of objections.

Mr David Roly Auguste O.O. Box 1089 Victoria Mahe No. 429 of 2022

## **CHANGE OF NAME**

Notice is hereby given that I have applied to the Chief Officer of the Civil Status to change my name from Tracey Maria Gedeon to Tracy Maria Fernandes agreeable with sections 94-99 of Cap. 34. Any person interested may oppose such application by filing a protest in writing setting forth his/her grounds of objections.

Ms Tracey Gedeon C/o Rebecca Fernandes Children's World Early Childhood Centre Victoria Mahe

No. 430 of 2022

### **CHANGE OF NAME**

Notice is hereby given that I have applied to the Chief Officer of the Civil Status to change my son's name from Aaron, Shawn, Rhamed Marie to Aaron Shawn Rhamed Sababady and Deon Ezekiel Medrick Marie to Deon Ezekiel Medrick Sababady agreeable with sections 94-99 of Cap. 34. Any person interested may oppose such application by filing a protest in writing setting forth his/her grounds of objections.

Mrs Elrina Sababady Barbarons Mahe

No. 431 of 2022

### **CHANGE OF NAME**

Notice is hereby given that I have applied to the Chief Officer of the Civil Status to change my name from Krishna Dhanji Vekariya to Krishna Prayas Varsani agreeable with sections 94-99 of Cap. 34. Any person interested may oppose such application by filing a protest in writing setting forth his/her grounds of objections.

Ms Krishna Vekariya Anse Aux Pins Mahe

### FINANCIAL CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT, 2022

(Act 6 of 2022)

### ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

### **SECTIONS**

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### FINANCIAL CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT, 2022

(Act 6 of 2022)

I assent

O WATER

Wavel Ramkalawan President

14th April, 2022

**AN ACT** TO PROTECT THE INTERESTS OF FINANCIAL CONSUMERS; TO FAIRLY, REASONABLY AND EFFECTIVELY HANDLE FINANCIAL CONSUMER DISPUTES AND TO PROMOTE THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE FINANCIAL SECTOR AND FOR MATTERS CONNECTED THEREWITH OR INCIDENTAL THERETO.

**ENACTED** by the President and the National Assembly.

#### **PART I - PRELIMINARY**

#### Short title and commencement

1. This Act may be cited as the Financial Consumer Protection Act, 2022 and shall come into operation on such date as the Minister may by notice in the *Gazette*, appoint.

# **Application**

- **2.**(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Consumer Protection Act *(Cap. 257)*, this Act shall apply to all the financial services providers specified in the Schedule.
- (2) The Consumer Protection Act (*Cap. 257*) shall not be applicable to the disputes covered under this Act.

### Interpretation

3. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires —

"advertisement" means every form of advertising, whether in a publication, or by the display of notices, signs, labels or show cards by means of circulars or other documents, by an exhibition of pictures or photographic or cinematographic films, by way of sound broadcasting or television, by the distribution of recordings, by internet or other computer or digital means, or in any other manner, and the term "advertising" shall be construed accordingly;

"Authorised Officer" means an officer authorised by the Competent Authority under subsection (1) of section 10;

"bundled services or products" means two or more services or products offered for sale in a package although each such service or product is also available for sale separately in the market;

"Central Bank" means the Central Bank of Seychelles established under section 3 of the Central Bank of Seychelles Act (Cap. 26);

"Credit information system" (CIS) means the Credit Information System owned and operated by the Central Bank;

"Competent Authority" —

(a) in respect of entities specified in Part A of the Schedule, shall be the Central Bank;

(b) in respect of entities specified in Part B of the Schedule, shall be the Financial Services Authority,

and "Competent Authorities" shall be construed accordingly;

"contract term" means any provision forming part of a contract;

"corrective action" means an action taken to correct violation of any of the provisions of this Act and the regulations made under this Act;

"distance contract" means a contract concerning financial services or products concluded between a financial services provider and a financial consumer under a scheme operated by the financial services provider, which, for the purposes of the contract, makes exclusive use of one or more means of distance communication up to and including the point at which the contract is concluded:

"disclosure form" means the form specified by the Competent Authority under subsection (6) of section 18;

"Fair Trading Commission" means the Commission established under section 3(1) of the Fair Trading Commission Act (Cap. 267);

"Financial Services Authority" means the Financial Services Authority established under section 3 of the Financial Services Authority Act, 2013 (Act 19 of 2013);

"financial services provider" means the entities specified in the Schedule and their agents or third parties acting on behalf of those entities and includes their agents and any other third party to which the financial services provider has transferred one or more of its services, or parts thereof;

"financial consumer" means a party who acquires or intends to acquire financial services or products from a financial services provider;

"financial services or products" means the financial services or financial products developed, offered or marketed by a financial services provider or for and on behalf of another person by a financial services provider;

"financial consumer dispute" means a civil dispute between a financial consumer and a financial services provider arising over a service or a product;

"Key Facts Statement" means a discrete, highly conspicuous section of a disclosure document highlighting the important information in pursuance of the provisions of this Act and the regulations made thereunder;

"means of distance communication" includes any means by which a financial contract or the provisioning of services or products could be concluded, without the physical presence of the financial services provider and the financial consumer;

"non-public consumer data" means the data provided by the financial consumer to the financial services provider, which shall not be made available to the public at large;

"tying" means sale of two or more products in a package and one of such products is not sold separately;

#### PART II - REGULATION BY THE COMPETENT AUTHORITIES

# **Regulation by Competent Authorities**

- **4.**(1) The Competent Authorities shall oversee and regulate the respective financial services providers listed in the Schedule.
- (2) The Competent Authorities shall, where the need arises, work in collaboration with the Fair Trading Commission with a view to achieve the objectives of this Act.
- (3) For the purposes of effective implementation of the provisions of this Act and for better cooperation and exchange of information, the Competent Authorities may enter into a written memorandum of understanding amongst themselves and with other relevant entities.

### **Role of Competent Authorities**

- **5.**(1) The Competent Authorities shall be responsible for the administration of this Act and shall carry out their responsibilities with the objective of promoting and advancing the welfare of financial consumers by
  - (a) maintaining a financial sector that is fair, accessible, efficient and sustainable;
  - (b) mitigating any possible risk that financial consumers may encounter in accessing any financial services or products;
  - (c) promoting fair financial business practices;
  - (d) protecting the financial consumers from
    - (i) unconscionable, unreasonable, unjust practices; and
    - (ii) misleading, unfair, deceptive or fraudulent conduct;
  - (e) promoting financial consumer awareness and encouraging responsible and informed consumer choice and behavior;
  - (f) promoting consumer confidence, empowerment and the development of a culture of financial consumer responsibility through education and advocacy; and
  - (g) providing an accessible, efficient and effective system of redress to the financial consumers.
- (2) A Competent Authority shall perform its functions under this Act in addition to its other statutory functions and policies.
- (3) In the event of any conflict between the functions under this Act and financial stability, financial stability shall prevail.

#### Fees

**6.** A Competent Authority may charge the fees as may be specified

by regulations by the Competent Authority including the annual fees from the financial services providers for —

- (a) conducting educational training and awareness programs;
- (b) handling financial consumer disputes; and
- (c) such other matters pursuant to its functions and objectives under this Act.

### Compliance with the provisions of the Act

7. A financial services provider shall ensure that its agents or a third party acting on its behalf complies with the provisions of this Act, and shall put in place adequate monitoring mechanisms to oversee the implementation of this Act by its agent or a third party acting on its behalf.

# Reporting duties of the financial services provider

- **8.**(1) Every financial services provider shall submit a bi-annual report to the appropriate Competent Authority on the policies adopted with respect to financial consumer protection, including
  - (a) the measures taken to monitor compliance with policies;
  - (b) financial education activities;
  - (c) information on the number, type and conclusion of disputes of the financial consumers handled internally;
  - (d) the activities of agents or third parties acting on behalf of the financial services provider; and
  - (e) any monitoring activity undertaken over such entities.
- (2) The report for the first half of the year shall be submitted by 15<sup>th</sup> July of each year and that for the second half of the year shall be submitted by 15<sup>th</sup> January of the succeeding year.

- (3) Where a financial services provider contravenes the provisions of subsection (1) or subsection (2), the financial services provider shall be liable to an administrative penalty not exceeding SCR10,000 and an additional penalty of SCR1,000 for each day or part thereof during which the contravention continues.
- (4) Where a financial services provider submits a report under subsection (1) giving information known to be false, or recklessly makes a false or misleading statement, the financial services provider shall be deemed to have committed an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding SCR400,000.

## **Information to Competent Authority**

- **9.**(1) A Competent Authority may, in carrying out its functions under this Act, request a financial services provider to submit any information including any books, records, video footage or other documents within such period and in such manner as may be required by the Competent Authority.
- (2) Where a financial services provider contravenes subsection (1), the financial services provider shall be liable to an administrative penalty not exceeding SCR10,000 and an additional penalty of SCR 1,000 for each day or part thereof during which the contravention continues.

### Examination

- **10.**(1) A Competent Authority may authorise any of its officers to exercise any of the powers pursuant to subsection (2) and subsection (3).
- (2) An Authorised Officer may examine the premises of a financial services provider, its agents or third parties acting on its behalf.
- (3) An Authorised Officer may, during an examination under subsection (2) and subject to section 37, require a director or employee of a financial services provider or agent or a third party acting on its behalf
  - (a) to produce for examination, any books, records or other documents in his or her possession containing or likely to contain such information as the Authorised Officer may reasonably consider necessary; or

- (b) to give information in his or her possession pertaining to the matter under examination.
- (4) An Authorised Officer shall, if so requested, produce the authority under which he or she is exercising powers under this section.
  - (5) Any person who
    - (a) fails, neglects, or unreasonably delays to comply with any requirement under subsection (3);
    - (b) in complying with a request made under subsection (3) furnishes any information or produces any book, record or other document which the person knows to be false in any material particular,

shall be deemed to have committed an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding SCR400,000.

### Records to be maintained by financial services provider

- 11.(1) Every financial services provider shall maintain physical records of all transactions and correspondence between the financial services provider and the financial consumer for a period of not less than seven years from the date of the last transaction between them.
- (2) The retention period of records in digital form or in any other form shall be such as may be prescribed by regulations.
- (3) Where a financial services provider fails to comply with the requirements of subsection (1) or fails to comply with the provisions of the regulations made under subsection (2), the financial services provider shall be liable to an administrative penalty not exceeding SCR50,000.

# **Enforcement action by Competent Authority**

**12.**(1) Where a financial services provider has violated any of the provisions of this Act or any regulations, directions or orders made thereunder, the Competent Authority may, in addition to a penalty under this Act, take one

or more of the following enforcement actions against such financial services provider —

- (a) direct the financial services provider to take corrective action within a specified period of time;
- (b) suspend whole or partial services or products involved in the violation;
- (c) recommend to the financial services provider to take appropriate action against its directors, supervisors, managers or employees;
- (d) direct the financial services provider to refund its customers affected by the violation; and
- (e) any other actions, as the Competent Authority may deem fit.
- (2) Where a financial services provider fails to take the corrective action under subsection (1)(a) during the time-period set out by a Competent Authority, the Competent Authority may give a notice directing the financial services provider to take corrective action within a specified period of time.
- (3) Where the financial services provider fails to comply with the directions issued under subsection (2), the Competent Authority may take any actions provided under clauses (b) to (d) of subsection (1).

# Right to submit written representation and oral submissions

13. The Competent Authority shall give an opportunity to a financial services provider to submit a written representation and oral submissions on a matter before it within the timeframe specified in writing before imposing a penalty or taking any enforcement action under section 12.

# Publication by competent Authority

**14.**(1) The Competent Authority may publish all general or individual measures adopted under this Act, including enforcement measures, imposition of penalties and its redress decisions or any statistical data, as it may deem relevant.

(2) The Competent Authority shall publish all aggregated data concerning pricing or aggregated data on other business conditions.

#### PART III - DUTIES OF FINANCIAL SERVICES PROVIDERS

# **General obligation**

- **15.**(1) Every financial services provider shall treat all financial consumers equitably, honestly and fairly.
- (2) Every financial services provider shall have a duty of care in respect of all financial services or products it provides, where the financial service or product is in the nature of a trust or mandate arrangement.
- (3) The financial services provider shall owe a fiduciary duty towards its consumers as may be required under any other law for the time being in force or in accordance with contractual stipulations.
- (4) Every financial services provider shall treat its consumers fairly as an integral part of its good governance principles and corporate culture and impose such values on all its employees, agents and third parties providing services on its behalf.
- (5) Every financial services provider shall put in place internal monitoring mechanisms to ensure respect of such principles under the oversight and responsibility of its Board of Directors.
- (6) The financial services providers shall either individually or jointly, play an active role in financially educating their employees and financial consumers and shall offer training programs on a regular basis.
- (7) The financial services providers shall give special consideration to the needs of vulnerable groups.

### **Transparency**

**16.**(1) Every financial services provider shall provide at each place of its business and of its agents and any other third party acting on its behalf, all relevant and updated documents concerning its services or products, that are comprehensible, legible and accurate.

- (2) Every financial services provider shall present its services and products in a consistent manner to facilitate comparison between similar services and products amongst financial services providers.
  - (3) Every financial services provider shall
    - (a) inform all its financial consumers about the procedure to be followed for lodging a complaint; and
    - (b) display conspicuously at each place of its business and of its agents and any other third party dealing with financial consumers on its behalf, information about its internal dispute settlement and redress procedures.
- (4) Information and documents displayed in the premises of the financial services provider shall also be displayed on the website of the financial services provider, if any.
- (5) A financial services provider who fails to comply with the provisions of subsections (1), (2), (3) or (4) shall be liable to an administrative penalty not exceeding SCR50,000.

# Advertising

- **17.**(1) The financial services providers shall not
  - (a) publish or advertise any information;
  - (b) carry out promotional activities in a manner,

that may mislead, deceive, conceal or give out false information to the public.

- (2) The obligation to financial consumers shall not be less than that indicated in the content of the advertisements under subsection (1) or in the materials or explanations provided to financial consumers in promotional activities.
- (3) Financial education programs shall be used to provide objective advice in line with the strategy for financial education put into place by the

Competent Authorities and shall not be used solely as marketing initiatives for financial services or products.

(4) Every financial services provider who fails to comply with the provisions of subsections (1), (2) or (3) shall be liable to an administrative penalty not exceeding SCR50,000.

#### PART IV - CONTRACTUAL ARRANGEMENTS

#### **Disclosure**

- **18.**(1) Every financial services provider, before entering into a contract with a financial consumer for the provision of financial services or products shall
  - take precautionary measures to assess and ascertain the suitability of those services or products to the financial consumer;
  - (b) explain the important aspects of the financial services or products and of the contract to the financial consumer;
  - (c) disclose associated risks; and
  - (d) have the financial consumer sign a disclosure form in which the financial consumer acknowledges that the contents of the disclosure form have been explained and the financial consumer has understood the benefits and risks of the financial services or products.
- (2) A financial services provider who engages in lending business shall carefully consider
  - (a) the creditworthiness of the borrower;
  - (b) the intended use of the funds;
  - (c) the source for repayment;
  - (d) the security for the facility;

- (e) the prospective risks and benefits of the loan; and
- (f) such other lending requirements as are necessary.
- (3) Every financial services provider shall, while engaging in the collection, processing and use of personal information, explain to the financial consumer his or her rights regarding the protection of personal information and the possible negative consequences of any refusal to provide the information requested.
- (4) The financial services provider shall provide to the financial consumer, orally and in writing, information about the transaction costs and possible gains and risks and aspects of material significance to the interests of the financial consumer regarding the financial services or products offered to him or her, as required under subsection (6).
  - (5) The financial services provider shall, before a purchase is made
    - (a) provide the financial consumer in writing the terms and conditions of the services or products, regarding the
      - (i) fees and charges;
      - (ii) interest rate;
      - (iii) the total, aggregated cost of the services or products and, if the service or product requires the consumer to pay in installments, the repayment schedule for such services or products;
      - (iv) key features of the service or product, including the benefits, rights and obligations of the financial consumer;
      - (v) significant risks, if any, associated with the services or products;
      - (vi) a summary of the financial services provider privacy policy;

- (vii) any costs associated with pre-payment or charges associated with late payment; and
- (viii) contact information of the financial services provider's complaints unit and the Competent Authority;
- (b) ensure that such terms and conditions are expressed in plain and intelligible language;
- (c) include aspects of material significance in the Key Facts Statement;
- (d) furnish the financial consumer with timely and updated information on the relevant services and products; and
- (e) give the financial consumer a reasonable time to review the relevant documents before entering the contract.
- (6) The Competent Authority shall specify the disclosure forms according to the specific features of a service or product and the financial services provider shall adopt the disclosure form specified by the Competent Authority.
- (7) Any financial services provider, who fails to comply with subsections (1), (2) (3), (4), (5) and subsection (6) shall be liable to an administrative penalty not exceeding SCR50,000.

### Non waiver of responsibility

- **19.**(1) A financial services provider shall not limit or exempt itself from any of its obligations under this Act by entering into a contract with a financial consumer.
- (2) Where a financial services provider limits or exempts its obligations in contravention of subsection (1), the provisions limiting or exempting the obligation of the financial services provider shall be *void ab initio* and not enforceable against the financial consumer.
- (3) A financial services provider who fails to adhere to the provisions of subsection (1) shall be liable to an administrative penalty not exceeding SCR10,000.

#### Contract terms

- **20.**(1) A financial services provider shall ensure that the terms in a contract with a financial consumer are expressed in plain and intelligible language.
- (2) Where there is disagreement over the meaning of any contractual provision, the provision shall be given a general meaning advantageous to the financial consumer.

#### Unfair contract terms

- **21.**(1) The terms of a contract shall be fair and shall not be prejudicial to the rights of a financial consumer.
- (2) A term of a contract shall be deemed unfair when it causes an imbalance between the rights of the financial services provider and the financial consumer and is detrimental to the financial consumer.
- (3) In determining the term of a contract as unfair under subsection (2), consideration shall be given to the following
  - (a) the nature of the financial services or product for which the contract is concluded;
  - (b) all other terms of contract between the parties on which the contract is dependent;
  - (c) the interests of the financial services provider;
  - (d) the interests of the particular class of financial consumers who are likely to enter the contract; and
  - (e) all other circumstances at the time of conclusion of the contract
- (4) An unfair term of a contract shall be *void ab initio* and not enforceable against a financial consumer.

### **Cooling-off period**

- **22.**(1) A financial consumer shall, subject to sub-section (2), have a cooling-off period after the date of entering into a contract, within which the financial consumer may terminate such contract relating to any financial service or product.
- (2) The cooling-off period referred to in subsection (1) shall be prescribed by the Competent Authorities from time to time and the period may vary, depending on the financial services or products.
- (3) Where a contract is terminated under subsection (1), the financial services provider shall
  - (a) refund the money that the financial consumer has paid under the contract within 14 working days after the delivery of the notice to terminate;
  - (b) cancel any automatic payment plans and give notice of termination on the CIS; and
  - (c) require the consumer to pay a reasonable fee to compensate for the costs incurred by the financial services provider.
- (4) Every financial services provider shall provide notice of the consumer's right of rescission in all contracts and disclosures in respect of a financial service or product.
- (5) A financial consumer shall, where a contract is terminated under subsection (1), refund the money that the financial services provider has paid under the contract within a period of 14 working days from the delivery of the notice to terminate the contract was given to the financial consumer.

### PART V - DISTANT PROVISION FOR SERVICES OR PRODUCTS

# **Regulation by Competent Authority**

**23.**(1) Unless prohibited by a Competent Authority, the supply of financial services or products by means of distance communication or the undertaking of distance contracts shall be permitted.

- (2) The Competent Authorities may make regulations
  - (a) to protect the interest of the financial consumer under a distant contract;
  - (b) relating to advertising and marketing of distant contracts;
  - (c) with respect to the transparency, clarity and fairness of distance contracts and the provision of services and products by means of distance communication; and
  - (d) requiring the financial services provider to give information to the financial consumer.
- (3) Provisions to protect financial consumers shall apply irrespective of whether a financial services provider provides the services or products directly or through its agents or third parties.

#### PART VI - ABUSIVE PRACTICES

#### Prohibited acts and conduct

- **24.**(1) A financial services provider shall not put in place any unfair, deceptive or abusive practice.
  - (2) A financial services provider shall not
    - (a) offer or provide any financial services or product in violation of the provisions of this Act;
    - (b) refuse to take any action required under the provisions of this Act or regulations or directions issued under this Act.

# Abusive collection and debt recovery practices

- **25.**(1) (a) A financial services provider shall not apply abusive collection and debt recovery practices against financial consumers and guarantors.
  - (b) The Competent Authorities may by regulations prescribe the

determination of abusive collection and debt recovery practices, referred to in paragraph (a) of this section.

- (2) (a) A financial services provider may, subject to the conditions provided in paragraph (b), appoint a debt collection agency for the recovery of debts.
- (b) Where a debt collection agency has been appointed under paragraph (a), the financial services provider shall inform the financial consumer in advance about the type of debt to be collected by the debt collection agency, the conditions of recovery and the period within which the debt is to be collected by such agency.
- (3) The debt collection agency appointed under subsection (2) shall be bound by the same obligations as to the financial services provider in terms of collection and debt recovery practices.
- (4) The financial services provider shall monitor the debt collection agencies appointed under subsection (2).
- (5) (a) Debt collection agents shall follow the code of conduct specified by the financial services provider in consultation with the Competent Authorities.
- (b) The code of conduct shall be published and made available to financial consumers by financial services providers and displayed on the website of the financial services provider.
- (6) (a) Where a financial services provider exercises its right to foreclose on an asset, it shall inform the financial consumer in writing in advance about the procedures involved, and the process to be used to foreclose on such property it holds as collateral security.
- (b) The financial services provider shall inform the financial consumer about the legal remedies and options available in respect of the foreclosure process.

## **Default interest**

**26.**(1) The rates of default interest or other charges of the same nature and the time from when the default interest or other charge of the same

nature is due shall be stipulated in the contract between a financial services provider and its financial consumer.

(2) The default interest or other charges of the same nature shall not exceed the amount as may be specified by the Competent Authorities each year.

# Exercise of rights against the principal debtor and guarantor

27. Notwithstanding any other law, a financial services provider shall not initiate recovery process against a guarantor unless the recovery process against the principal debtor and the secured properties is initiated in the first instance and has failed to recover the debt from the principal debtor and the secured properties.

### **Bundling and tying**

- **28.**(1) The financial services provider shall refrain from compelling financial consumers to acquire bundled services or products.
- (2) The financial services provider shall not use tying clauses that unduly restrict the choice of consumers.

# PART VII - PROTECTION OF CONSUMER DATA AND CONFIDENTIALITY

### Confidentiality and protection of non-public consumer data

- **29.**(1) A financial services provider shall not disclose the data of its financial consumers and shall protect the confidentiality of its non-public consumer data and the data shall be utilised only for the purposes specified and agreed to by the financial consumer or as required under any other law.
- (2) The financial services provider shall formulate and adopt adequate confidentiality policies and procedures that
  - (a) enshrine that the non-public consumer data is owned by the financial consumer;
  - (b) clearly set out the financial services provider's practices and policies with respect to non-public consumer data;

- (c) identify any sensitive data collected and processed;
- (d) explain the purposes for which the non-public consumer data is collected and used;
- (e) provide for security practices and procedures to safeguard non-public consumer data; and
- (f) include clear procedures where a financial consumer may voluntarily allow the disclosure of his or her non-public consumer data.
- (3) The confidentiality policy adopted by financial services providers shall be written in simple and understandable language.

# Collection of non-public consumer data

- **30.**(1) Every financial services provider shall disclose to its financial consumers in advance about the
  - (a) manner in which its non-public consumer data is processed and stored;
  - (b) purpose for which the non-public consumer data is being collected;
  - (c) intended recipients of the non-public consumer data; and
  - (d) contact details of the financial services provider collecting the non-public consumer data.
- (2) Every financial consumer shall have the right to review the consumer's non-public consumer data and to correct or amend any inaccurate or deficient data, if found incorrect.

# Storage of non-public consumer data

- **31.** Every financial services provider shall
  - (a) implement reasonable and appropriate organisational, physical and technical measures for the protection of non-

- public consumer data against unlawful access, destruction, misuse or accidental loss;
- (b) determine the appropriate level of security that shall be maintained to preserve the confidential nature of non-public consumer data, taking into account the risks of processing, size of the organisation, current privacy practices and cost of implementation;
- (c) require that all of its non-public consumer data controllers and third parties processing personal information shall abide by a confidentiality clause similar in nature to privacy provisions; and
- (d) report to the appropriate Competent Authority and to the affected financial consumers within 24 hours of any security breaches resulting from the unauthorised disclosure of non-public consumer data.

# Disclosure of non-public consumer data

- **32.** A financial services provider may disclose non-public consumer data to a third party in the following circumstances
  - (a) where the financial consumer has been informed about such disclosure and permission has been given in writing by such consumer;
  - (b) where the third party in question has been authorised by the financial consumer to obtain the data from the financial services provider; and
  - (c) where the financial services provider is required to disclose the non-public consumer data under mandated Credit Reporting or under any other law or by a court order.

### PART VIII - INTERNAL POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

# Sale of service of products

**33.**(1) Employees engaged in the sale of financial services or products or in advising customers shall perform their duties in accordance with good

business customs and professional ethics and integrity, observe the financial customer's person and inform customers fully about the terms for use of those services or products.

- (2) Every financial services provider shall arrange for adequate and continuous training to its employees.
- (3) The Competent Authorities shall specify types of complex and high risk services or products from time to time.
- (4) A financial services provider shall report and receive the approval of the Competent Authority before the initial sale of complex and high-risk services or products.
- (5) The person responsible for a branch unit in Seychelles shall seek approval from the Competent Authority for the sale of complex and high-risk services or products where the branch unit is a foreign financial services provider.
- (6) Where a financial services provider fails to comply with subsections (1), (2), (4) or (5), the financial services provider shall be liable to an administrative penalty not exceeding SCR100,000.

## Sales personnel remuneration policy

- **34.**(1) Every financial services provider shall formulate and adopt a sales personnel remuneration policy and have it approved by its Board of Directors.
- (2) A financial services provider shall not provide incentives to staff, management, agents or third-party service providers that encourage unethical consumer treatment or over-indebtedness.
- (3) A financial services provider shall give equitable consideration to consumer rights and interests, the various risks that the financial services or products pose to the financial industry and customers, and shall not only consider the sales performance target achievement of such services or products by the sales personnel.

(4) Where a financial services provider fails to comply with subsection (1) or subsection (2), the financial services provider shall be liable to an administrative penalty not exceeding SCR25,000.

### PART IX - FINANCIAL CONSUMER DISPUTES

### Internal complaint handling unit

- **35.**(1) Every financial services provider shall establish an internal Complaint Handling Unit to receive complaints from the financial consumer, either in person or in writing, telephone, e-mail, webpage or other similar methods.
- (2) Every financial services provider shall implement and maintain such procedures for the Complaint Handling Unit in such manner as the Competent Authorities may prescribe by regulations.
- (3) The financial services provider shall set a timeline for resolving each complaint, which shall not exceed the timeframe prescribed by the Competent Authorities.
- (4) A financial services provider shall inform a financial consumer of the procedure to appeal or to further pursue a complaint in the event of an adverse decision, including the resolution process specified by the appropriate Competent Authority.
- (5) The appropriate Competent Authority may monitor the complaint handling process.
- (6) The Competent Authorities may exempt a financial services provider from establishing a Complaint Handling Unit considering the size of the financial services provider or any other relevant conditions.
- (7) Notwithstanding subsection (6), every financial services provider shall have in place a complaint handling procedure in line with the requirements of the appropriate Competent Authority.

# Complaint handling mechanism by Competent Authority

**36.**(1) The Competent Authorities shall establish a complaint handling mechanism as may be prescribed by regulations.

(2) No complaint shall be entertained by the Competent Authorities under this section for any act or omission by the financial services provider after a period of three years from the date of occurrence of the act or omission.

## Confidentiality during proceedings

- 37. The Competent Authorities and their personnel shall keep confidential
  - (a) the application and any explanatory material or concessions submitted to the other party of the financial consumer dispute during the course of the dispute;
  - (b) material and information pertaining to the case,

unless they are already in the public domain, or any other law requires that they be made public.

### Remedies

- **38.** The Competent Authorities may, take one or more of the following measures in the case of violation of any of the provisions of this Act by a financial services provider or on an application by the aggrieved person
  - (a) make an order or declare the whole or part of a contract made between the financial consumer who suffered, or is likely to suffer loss or damage, and the financial services provider to be *void* and if the Competent Authority thinks fit, to be *void ab initio* or at all times on and after such date before the date on which the order is made;
  - (b) make an order or direction varying such contract or arrangement in such manner as may be specified in the order and, if the Competent Authority thinks fit, declare the contract or arrangement to have effect as so varied on and after such date or before the date on which the order is made;

- (c) make an order or direction directing the person who engaged in the wrongful conduct to refund money or return property to the person who suffered the loss or direct damage;
- (d) make an order or direction directing the person who engaged in the wrongful conduct to pay to the person who suffered the loss or damage the amount of the loss or direct damage;
- (e) publish the names of the offenders;
- (f) refer the matter to criminal authorities for prosecution.

# **Compliance with Competent Authority decision**

- **39.**(1) Every financial services provider shall comply with the decision of the Competent Authority made under section 38, within the time limits specified in its decision.
- (2) Where the financial services provider fails to comply with the decision of the Competent Authority within the specified time, the Competent Authority shall take enforcement action under section 12.

#### **PART X - DAMAGES**

# Liability for damages

- **40.**(1) Every financial services provider shall, subject to subsection (2), be liable to damages under section 38(d), where the financial services provider violates any of the provisions of this Act, causing direct and consequential damage to a financial consumer.
- (2) A financial services provider shall not be liable where the financial services provider can prove that the occurrence of the harm was not due to
  - (a) its failure to understand the suitability of a service or product to the financial consumer;

- (b) its failure to provide an explanation, or where an explanation provided was untrue or incorrect; or
- (c) its failure to fully disclose risks to the financial consumer.

## **Punitive damages**

- **41.**(1) A Court may, in response to a claim filed by a financial consumer, award punitive damages as it deems reasonable for the damage caused by an act of misconduct of a financial services provider.
- (2) A Court may also award punitive damages up to the amount of the actual damage, where the damage was caused by negligence of the financial services provider.
- (3) The Competent Authority shall not award punitive damages under the Complaint Handling Mechanism established under this Act to settle the financial consumer disputes.
- (4) The right to claim punitive damages shall be extinguished if not exercised within two years from the date the claimant has knowledge of the cause entitling him for damages, or within five years from the date of occurrence of such cause for damages, whichever is earlier.

#### PART XI - MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

# Offences and penalties

- **42.**(1) A financial services provider, who contravenes any of the provisions of this Act shall be deemed to have committed an offence and where no penalty has been provided for such offence, the financial services provider shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding SCR400,000.
- (2) In determining the appropriate penalty for the purposes of this section, the Court shall have regard to the following
  - (a) the nature, duration, gravity and the extent of the contravention;
  - (b) any loss or damage suffered as a result of the contravention;

- (c) the behaviour of the financial services provider;
- (d) the market circumstances in which the contravention took place;
- (e) the level of profit derived from the contravention;
- (f) the degree to which the financial services provider cooperated with the Competent Authority; and
- (g) whether the financial services provider has previously been found in contravention of this Act.
- (3) The Court may waive payment of all or part of the payment of the penalty which would otherwise be payable under this Act where there are exceptional circumstances in a particular case.

# Power to compound an offence

- **43.**(1) Subject to this section, a Competent Authority may in consultation with the Attorney General, if satisfied that a financial services provider has committed an offence under this Act, where the offence is punishable by a fine, compound the offence in *lieu* of instituting proceedings under this Act.
- (2) The Competent Authority shall exercise the power under subsection (1) if the financial services provider accepts in writing liability to the offence.
- (3) Where an offence is compounded under subsection (1), no proceedings shall be instituted in relation to that offence against the financial services provider.
- (4) The Competent Authority, after identifying the offence shall notify the financial services provider in writing of
  - (a) the offence;
  - (b) the amount of compounded monetary penalty that may be agreed to;

- (c) the requirement for the financial services provider to notify the Competent Authority in writing, no later than 14 days after receipt of the Competent Authority's written notification of the financial services provider's refusal or acceptance to compound the offence;
- (d) the requirement for the financial services provider which agrees for the offence to be compounded to make payment of the compounded monetary penalty to the Competent Authority no later than 5 days after acceptance of the written notification under subparagraph (c);
- (e) the manner in which payment under subparagraph (d) shall be made to the Competent Authority; and
- (f) any other information deemed relevant by the Competent Authority.
- (5) The compounded monetary penalty shall not exceed the maximum fine prescribed under this Act.
- (6) Acceptance to compound an offence and payment thereof shall be final and conclusive.
- (7) Where the terms of the agreement to compound an offence has been breached, the Competent Authority may institute appropriate legal proceedings.

## Services provided or products offered from abroad

**44.** Without prejudice to the authorisation mechanisms established under relevant legislation to provide financial services or products in the country, the provisions of this Act shall be mandatory in relation to any financial service provided or product offered in Seychelles, notwithstanding the location of the financial services provider and the applicable law.

# Regulations and directions

**45.**(1) The Competent Authorities may make regulations to carry out the purposes and objectives of this Act.

- (2) Without prejudice to the generality of the provisions of subsection (1), regulations may provide for
  - (a) appropriate product design and delivery;
  - (b) the prevention of over-indebtedness;
  - (c) transparency;
  - (d) the methodology for pricing;
  - (e) retention period of other forms of information;
  - (f) fair and respectful treatment of financial consumers;
  - (g) privacy of consumer data;
  - (h) distant provision of services and products;
  - (i) the procedures to enforce security interests;
  - (j) mechanisms for complaint resolution; and
  - (k) amendment of the Schedule.
- (3) A Competent Authority may, for the discharge of its functions under this Act, issue such directions from time to time to the financial services providers, as it may consider necessary:

Provided that no direction under this section shall be issued except on the matters relating to implementation of section 12 and section 24(2)(b).

## Right to Appeal

**46.** Any person aggrieved by a decision of a Competent Authority made under sections 8(3), 9(2), 11(3), 12, 16(5), 17(4), 18(7), 19(3), 33(6) and 34(4) may file an Appeal before the Supreme Court.

## **Transitional provision**

- **47.**(1) Every financial services provider shall comply with the provisions of this Act within six months from the coming into force of this Act.
- (2) Within such period of time, the Competent Authorities shall adopt adequate measures to permit smooth implementation of this Act within individual services or products according to the needs and requirements under this Act.

#### **SCHEDULE**

(Section 4)

#### **Financial Services Provider**

#### PART A

A licensee under the Financial Institutions Act.

The Development Bank established under the Development Bank of Seychelles Decree.

Housing Finance Company Limited.

A credit union established under the Credit Union Act.

A licensee under the Financial Leasing Act.

A payment services provider and operator of a payment, clearing or settlement system under the National Payment System Act.

## PART B

A licensee under the Mutual Fund and Hedge Fund Act.

A licensee under the Hire Purchase and Credit Sale Act.

A licensee under the Securities Act.

A licensee under the Insurance Act.

I certify that this is a correct copy of the Bill which was passed by the National Assembly on  $23^{\rm rd}$  March, 2022.

Mrs. Tania Isaac

Clerk to the National Assembly

#### S.I. 47 of 2022

#### LAND RECLAMATION ACT

(Cap 106)

# Notification of proposed reclamation at Cascade under section 6(2) and (3) of Cap 106

WHEREAS Ms. Ketty Sophie, (hereinafter "the applicant") has applied for authorization under section 6 of the Land Reclamation Act (Cap 106) (hereinafter "the Act"), to fill in and reclaim an area of foreshore of approximately 204 sq. metres and construct to the reclamation a rock armouring wall (hereinafter "the undertaking") at Cascade, adjacent to the public road;

**AND WHEREAS** the undertaking is demarcated by the coordinates specified under the Schedule of this Notice and a plan is hereunder attached;

**AND WHEREAS** the applicant has agreed to carry out the undertaking at her own cost;

**AND WHEREAS** the Republic will at completion of the undertaking, transfer the land reclaimed to the applicant;

**AND WHEREAS** the applicant has agreed to complete the reclamation of the undertaking not later than two years from the date of grant of Planning permission;

**AND WHEREAS** the President is desirous of authorising the reclamation of the undertaking or the performance of other works over and upon the foreshore specified in the Schedule of this notice and the plan illustrated thereunder by the applicant;

**NOW, THEREFORE,** pursuant to section 6(2) of the Act, this notice calls upon all persons having objections to the undertaking or any claims of private right with respect of the undertaking, to submit to the Chief Executive Officer, before the expiration of **04**<sup>th</sup> **June,2022**, objections or

claims in writing, specifying the nature thereof and giving an estimate of any loss which it is alleged would be incurred by reason of the extinguishment of any private right.

#### **SCHEDULE**

# Coordinates of the outer limit of the proposed reclamation at Cascade

# Protection-UTM Zone 40 South Datum-WGS84

Point	<b>Easting</b>	Northing
AG484	333878.25	9484053.74
GP568	333886.16	9484048.20
GP964	333872.28	9484031.91
AG508	333864.33	9484036.76



MADE this 4th day of April, 2022.

WAVEL RAMKALAWAN PRESIDENT

#### S.I. 48 of 2022

## SEYCHELLES QUALIFICATIONS AUTHORITY ACT, 2021

(Act 57 of 2021)

# Seychelles Qualifications Authority Act, 2021 (Commencement) Notice, 2022

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Seychelles Qualifications Authority Act, 2021, the Minister responsible for Education hereby makes the following notice —

#### Citation

1. This notice may be cited as the Seychelles Qualifications Authority Act, 2021 (Commencement) Notice, 2022.

#### Commencement of Act 57 of 2021

**2.** The Seychelles Qualifications Authority Act, 2021 shall come into operation on the 1<sup>st</sup> day of May, 2022.

MADE this 22<sup>nd</sup> day of April, 2022.

JUSTIN VALENTIN MINISTER OF EDUCATION

#### S.I. 49 of 2022

#### TERTIARY EDUCATION (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2022

(Act 5 of 2022)

## Tertiary Education (Amendment) Act (Commencement) Notice, 2022

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2 of the Tertiary Education (Amendment) Act, 2022, the Minister responsible for Education hereby makes the following notice —

#### Citation

1. This notice may be cited as the Tertiary Education (Amendment) Act (Commencement) Notice, 2022.

#### Commencement of Act 5 of 2022

**2.** The Tertiary Education (Amendment) Act, 2022 shall come into operation on the 1<sup>st</sup> day of May, 2022.

MADE this 22<sup>nd</sup> day of April, 2022.

JUSTIN VALENTIN MINISTER OF EDUCATION

#### FINANCIAL CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT, 2022

(Act 6 of 2022)

#### ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

#### **SECTIONS**

#### PART I - PRELIMINARY

- 1. Short title and commencement
- 2. Application
- 3. Interpretation

#### PART II - REGULATION BY THE COMPETENT AUTHORITIES

- 4. Regulation by Competent Authorities
- 5. Role of Competent Authorities
- 6. Fees
- 7. Compliance with the provisions of the Act
- 8. Reporting duties of the financial services provider
- 9. Information to Competent Authority
- 10. Examination
- 11. Records to be maintained by the financial services provider
- 12. Enforcement action by Competent Authority
- 13. Right to submit written representation and oral submissions
- 14. Publication by the Competent Authority

#### PART III - DUTIES OF FINANCIAL SERVICES PROVIDERS

- 15. General obligation
- 16. Transparency
- 17. Advertising

#### PART IV - CONTRACTUAL ARRANGEMENTS

- 18. Disclosure
- 19. Non-waiver of responsibility
- 20. Contract terms
- 21. Unfair contract terms
- 22. Cooling-off period

# PART V- DISTANT PROVISION FOR SERVICES OR PRODUCTS

23. Regulation by Competent Authority

#### PART VI - ABUSIVE PRACTICES

- 24. Prohibited acts and conduct
- 25. Abusive collection and debt recovery practices
- 26. Default interest
- 27. Exercise of rights against the principal debtor and guarantor
- 28. Bundling and tying

## PART VII - PROTECTION OF CONSUMER DATA AND CONFIDENTIALITY

- 29. Confidentiality and protection of non-public consumer data
- 30. Collection of non-public consumer data
- 31. Storage of non-public consumer data
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## PART VIII - INTERNAL POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

- 33. Sale of service or products
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#### **PART X - DAMAGES**

- 40. Liability for damages
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# **PART XI - MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS**

- 42. Offences and penalties
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- 44. Services provided or products offered from abroad
- 45. Regulations and directions
- 46. Right to Appeal
- 47. Transitional provision

## **SCHEDULE**



#### FINANCIAL CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT, 2022

(Act 6 of 2022)

Lassent

DE CONSERVAL

Wavel Ramkalawan President

14th April, 2022

**AN ACT** TO PROTECT THE INTERESTS OF FINANCIAL CONSUMERS; TO FAIRLY, REASONABLY AND EFFECTIVELY HANDLE FINANCIAL CONSUMER DISPUTES AND TO PROMOTE THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE FINANCIAL SECTOR AND FOR MATTERS CONNECTED THEREWITH OR INCIDENTAL THERETO.

**ENACTED** by the President and the National Assembly.

#### **PART I - PRELIMINARY**

#### Short title and commencement

1. This Act may be cited as the Financial Consumer Protection Act, 2022 and shall come into operation on such date as the Minister may by notice in the *Gazette*, appoint.

# **Application**

- **2.**(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Consumer Protection Act *(Cap. 257)*, this Act shall apply to all the financial services providers specified in the Schedule.
- (2) The Consumer Protection Act (*Cap. 257*) shall not be applicable to the disputes covered under this Act.

## Interpretation

3. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires —

"advertisement" means every form of advertising, whether in a publication, or by the display of notices, signs, labels or show cards by means of circulars or other documents, by an exhibition of pictures or photographic or cinematographic films, by way of sound broadcasting or television, by the distribution of recordings, by internet or other computer or digital means, or in any other manner, and the term "advertising" shall be construed accordingly;

"Authorised Officer" means an officer authorised by the Competent Authority under subsection (1) of section 10;

"bundled services or products" means two or more services or products offered for sale in a package although each such service or product is also available for sale separately in the market;

"Central Bank" means the Central Bank of Seychelles established under section 3 of the Central Bank of Seychelles Act (Cap. 26);

"Credit information system" (CIS) means the Credit Information System owned and operated by the Central Bank;

"Competent Authority" —

(a) in respect of entities specified in Part A of the Schedule, shall be the Central Bank;

(b) in respect of entities specified in Part B of the Schedule, shall be the Financial Services Authority,

and "Competent Authorities" shall be construed accordingly;

"contract term" means any provision forming part of a contract;

"corrective action" means an action taken to correct violation of any of the provisions of this Act and the regulations made under this Act;

"distance contract" means a contract concerning financial services or products concluded between a financial services provider and a financial consumer under a scheme operated by the financial services provider, which, for the purposes of the contract, makes exclusive use of one or more means of distance communication up to and including the point at which the contract is concluded:

"disclosure form" means the form specified by the Competent Authority under subsection (6) of section 18;

"Fair Trading Commission" means the Commission established under section 3(1) of the Fair Trading Commission Act (Cap. 267);

"Financial Services Authority" means the Financial Services Authority established under section 3 of the Financial Services Authority Act, 2013 (Act 19 of 2013);

"financial services provider" means the entities specified in the Schedule and their agents or third parties acting on behalf of those entities and includes their agents and any other third party to which the financial services provider has transferred one or more of its services, or parts thereof;

"financial consumer" means a party who acquires or intends to acquire financial services or products from a financial services provider; "financial services or products" means the financial services or financial products developed, offered or marketed by a financial services provider or for and on behalf of another person by a financial services provider;

"financial consumer dispute" means a civil dispute between a financial consumer and a financial services provider arising over a service or a product;

"Key Facts Statement" means a discrete, highly conspicuous section of a disclosure document highlighting the important information in pursuance of the provisions of this Act and the regulations made thereunder;

"means of distance communication" includes any means by which a financial contract or the provisioning of services or products could be concluded, without the physical presence of the financial services provider and the financial consumer;

"non-public consumer data" means the data provided by the financial consumer to the financial services provider, which shall not be made available to the public at large;

"tying" means sale of two or more products in a package and one of such products is not sold separately;

#### PART II - REGULATION BY THE COMPETENT AUTHORITIES

# **Regulation by Competent Authorities**

- **4.**(1) The Competent Authorities shall oversee and regulate the respective financial services providers listed in the Schedule.
- (2) The Competent Authorities shall, where the need arises, work in collaboration with the Fair Trading Commission with a view to achieve the objectives of this Act.
- (3) For the purposes of effective implementation of the provisions of this Act and for better cooperation and exchange of information, the Competent Authorities may enter into a written memorandum of understanding amongst themselves and with other relevant entities.

## **Role of Competent Authorities**

- **5.**(1) The Competent Authorities shall be responsible for the administration of this Act and shall carry out their responsibilities with the objective of promoting and advancing the welfare of financial consumers by
  - (a) maintaining a financial sector that is fair, accessible, efficient and sustainable;
  - (b) mitigating any possible risk that financial consumers may encounter in accessing any financial services or products;
  - (c) promoting fair financial business practices;
  - (d) protecting the financial consumers from
    - (i) unconscionable, unreasonable, unjust practices; and
    - (ii) misleading, unfair, deceptive or fraudulent conduct;
  - (e) promoting financial consumer awareness and encouraging responsible and informed consumer choice and behavior;
  - (f) promoting consumer confidence, empowerment and the development of a culture of financial consumer responsibility through education and advocacy; and
  - (g) providing an accessible, efficient and effective system of redress to the financial consumers.
- (2) A Competent Authority shall perform its functions under this Act in addition to its other statutory functions and policies.
- (3) In the event of any conflict between the functions under this Act and financial stability, financial stability shall prevail.

#### Fees

**6.** A Competent Authority may charge the fees as may be specified

by regulations by the Competent Authority including the annual fees from the financial services providers for —

- (a) conducting educational training and awareness programs;
- (b) handling financial consumer disputes; and
- (c) such other matters pursuant to its functions and objectives under this Act.

## Compliance with the provisions of the Act

7. A financial services provider shall ensure that its agents or a third party acting on its behalf complies with the provisions of this Act, and shall put in place adequate monitoring mechanisms to oversee the implementation of this Act by its agent or a third party acting on its behalf.

## Reporting duties of the financial services provider

- **8.**(1) Every financial services provider shall submit a bi-annual report to the appropriate Competent Authority on the policies adopted with respect to financial consumer protection, including
  - (a) the measures taken to monitor compliance with policies;
  - (b) financial education activities;
  - (c) information on the number, type and conclusion of disputes of the financial consumers handled internally;
  - (d) the activities of agents or third parties acting on behalf of the financial services provider; and
  - (e) any monitoring activity undertaken over such entities.
- (2) The report for the first half of the year shall be submitted by 15<sup>th</sup> July of each year and that for the second half of the year shall be submitted by 15<sup>th</sup> January of the succeeding year.

- (3) Where a financial services provider contravenes the provisions of subsection (1) or subsection (2), the financial services provider shall be liable to an administrative penalty not exceeding SCR10,000 and an additional penalty of SCR1,000 for each day or part thereof during which the contravention continues.
- (4) Where a financial services provider submits a report under subsection (1) giving information known to be false, or recklessly makes a false or misleading statement, the financial services provider shall be deemed to have committed an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding SCR400,000.

## **Information to Competent Authority**

- **9.**(1) A Competent Authority may, in carrying out its functions under this Act, request a financial services provider to submit any information including any books, records, video footage or other documents within such period and in such manner as may be required by the Competent Authority.
- (2) Where a financial services provider contravenes subsection (1), the financial services provider shall be liable to an administrative penalty not exceeding SCR10,000 and an additional penalty of SCR 1,000 for each day or part thereof during which the contravention continues.

#### Examination

- **10.**(1) A Competent Authority may authorise any of its officers to exercise any of the powers pursuant to subsection (2) and subsection (3).
- (2) An Authorised Officer may examine the premises of a financial services provider, its agents or third parties acting on its behalf.
- (3) An Authorised Officer may, during an examination under subsection (2) and subject to section 37, require a director or employee of a financial services provider or agent or a third party acting on its behalf
  - (a) to produce for examination, any books, records or other documents in his or her possession containing or likely to contain such information as the Authorised Officer may reasonably consider necessary; or

- (b) to give information in his or her possession pertaining to the matter under examination.
- (4) An Authorised Officer shall, if so requested, produce the authority under which he or she is exercising powers under this section.
  - (5) Any person who
    - (a) fails, neglects, or unreasonably delays to comply with any requirement under subsection (3);
    - (b) in complying with a request made under subsection (3) furnishes any information or produces any book, record or other document which the person knows to be false in any material particular,

shall be deemed to have committed an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding SCR400,000.

## Records to be maintained by financial services provider

- 11.(1) Every financial services provider shall maintain physical records of all transactions and correspondence between the financial services provider and the financial consumer for a period of not less than seven years from the date of the last transaction between them.
- (2) The retention period of records in digital form or in any other form shall be such as may be prescribed by regulations.
- (3) Where a financial services provider fails to comply with the requirements of subsection (1) or fails to comply with the provisions of the regulations made under subsection (2), the financial services provider shall be liable to an administrative penalty not exceeding SCR 50,000.

# **Enforcement action by Competent Authority**

**12.**(1) Where a financial services provider has violated any of the provisions of this Act or any regulations, directions or orders made thereunder, the Competent Authority may, in addition to a penalty under this Act, take one

or more of the following enforcement actions against such financial services provider —

- (a) direct the financial services provider to take corrective action within a specified period of time;
- (b) suspend whole or partial services or products involved in the violation;
- (c) recommend to the financial services provider to take appropriate action against its directors, supervisors, managers or employees;
- (d) direct the financial services provider to refund its customers affected by the violation; and
- (e) any other actions, as the Competent Authority may deem fit.
- (2) Where a financial services provider fails to take the corrective action under subsection (1)(a) during the time-period set out by a Competent Authority, the Competent Authority may give a notice directing the financial services provider to take corrective action within a specified period of time.
- (3) Where the financial services provider fails to comply with the directions issued under subsection (2), the Competent Authority may take any actions provided under clauses (b) to (d) of subsection (1).

# Right to submit written representation and oral submissions

13. The Competent Authority shall give an opportunity to a financial services provider to submit a written representation and oral submissions on a matter before it within the timeframe specified in writing before imposing a penalty or taking any enforcement action under section 12.

# Publication by competent Authority

**14.**(1) The Competent Authority may publish all general or individual measures adopted under this Act, including enforcement measures, imposition of penalties and its redress decisions or any statistical data, as it may deem relevant.

(2) The Competent Authority shall publish all aggregated data concerning pricing or aggregated data on other business conditions.

#### PART III - DUTIES OF FINANCIAL SERVICES PROVIDERS

#### **General obligation**

- **15.**(1) Every financial services provider shall treat all financial consumers equitably, honestly and fairly.
- (2) Every financial services provider shall have a duty of care in respect of all financial services or products it provides, where the financial service or product is in the nature of a trust or mandate arrangement.
- (3) The financial services provider shall owe a fiduciary duty towards its consumers as may be required under any other law for the time being in force or in accordance with contractual stipulations.
- (4) Every financial services provider shall treat its consumers fairly as an integral part of its good governance principles and corporate culture and impose such values on all its employees, agents and third parties providing services on its behalf.
- (5) Every financial services provider shall put in place internal monitoring mechanisms to ensure respect of such principles under the oversight and responsibility of its Board of Directors.
- (6) The financial services providers shall either individually or jointly, play an active role in financially educating their employees and financial consumers and shall offer training programs on a regular basis.
- (7) The financial services providers shall give special consideration to the needs of vulnerable groups.

## **Transparency**

**16.**(1) Every financial services provider shall provide at each place of its business and of its agents and any other third party acting on its behalf, all relevant and updated documents concerning its services or products, that are comprehensible, legible and accurate.

- (2) Every financial services provider shall present its services and products in a consistent manner to facilitate comparison between similar services and products amongst financial services providers.
  - (3) Every financial services provider shall
    - (a) inform all its financial consumers about the procedure to be followed for lodging a complaint; and
    - (b) display conspicuously at each place of its business and of its agents and any other third party dealing with financial consumers on its behalf, information about its internal dispute settlement and redress procedures.
- (4) Information and documents displayed in the premises of the financial services provider shall also be displayed on the website of the financial services provider, if any.
- (5) A financial services provider who fails to comply with the provisions of subsections (1), (2), (3) or (4) shall be liable to an administrative penalty not exceeding SCR50,000.

# Advertising

- 17.(1) The financial services providers shall not
  - (a) publish or advertise any information;
  - (b) carry out promotional activities in a manner,

that may mislead, deceive, conceal or give out false information to the public.

- (2) The obligation to financial consumers shall not be less than that indicated in the content of the advertisements under subsection (1) or in the materials or explanations provided to financial consumers in promotional activities.
- (3) Financial education programs shall be used to provide objective advice in line with the strategy for financial education put into place by the

Competent Authorities and shall not be used solely as marketing initiatives for financial services or products.

(4) Every financial services provider who fails to comply with the provisions of subsections (1), (2) or (3) shall be liable to an administrative penalty not exceeding SCR50,000.

#### PART IV - CONTRACTUAL ARRANGEMENTS

#### **Disclosure**

- **18.**(1) Every financial services provider, before entering into a contract with a financial consumer for the provision of financial services or products shall
  - take precautionary measures to assess and ascertain the suitability of those services or products to the financial consumer;
  - (b) explain the important aspects of the financial services or products and of the contract to the financial consumer;
  - (c) disclose associated risks; and
  - (d) have the financial consumer sign a disclosure form in which the financial consumer acknowledges that the contents of the disclosure form have been explained and the financial consumer has understood the benefits and risks of the financial services or products.
- (2) A financial services provider who engages in lending business shall carefully consider
  - (a) the creditworthiness of the borrower;
  - (b) the intended use of the funds;
  - (c) the source for repayment;
  - (d) the security for the facility;

- (e) the prospective risks and benefits of the loan; and
- (f) such other lending requirements as are necessary.
- (3) Every financial services provider shall, while engaging in the collection, processing and use of personal information, explain to the financial consumer his or her rights regarding the protection of personal information and the possible negative consequences of any refusal to provide the information requested.
- (4) The financial services provider shall provide to the financial consumer, orally and in writing, information about the transaction costs and possible gains and risks and aspects of material significance to the interests of the financial consumer regarding the financial services or products offered to him or her, as required under subsection (6).
  - (5) The financial services provider shall, before a purchase is made
    - (a) provide the financial consumer in writing the terms and conditions of the services or products, regarding the
      - (i) fees and charges;
      - (ii) interest rate;
      - (iii) the total, aggregated cost of the services or products and, if the service or product requires the consumer to pay in installments, the repayment schedule for such services or products;
      - (iv) key features of the service or product, including the benefits, rights and obligations of the financial consumer;
      - (v) significant risks, if any, associated with the services or products;
      - (vi) a summary of the financial services provider privacy policy;

- (vii) any costs associated with pre-payment or charges associated with late payment; and
- (viii) contact information of the financial services provider's complaints unit and the Competent Authority;
- (b) ensure that such terms and conditions are expressed in plain and intelligible language;
- (c) include aspects of material significance in the Key Facts Statement;
- (d) furnish the financial consumer with timely and updated information on the relevant services and products; and
- (e) give the financial consumer a reasonable time to review the relevant documents before entering the contract.
- (6) The Competent Authority shall specify the disclosure forms according to the specific features of a service or product and the financial services provider shall adopt the disclosure form specified by the Competent Authority.
- (7) Any financial services provider, who fails to comply with subsections (1), (2) (3), (4), (5) and subsection (6) shall be liable to an administrative penalty not exceeding SCR50,000.

## Non waiver of responsibility

- **19.**(1) A financial services provider shall not limit or exempt itself from any of its obligations under this Act by entering into a contract with a financial consumer.
- (2) Where a financial services provider limits or exempts its obligations in contravention of subsection (1), the provisions limiting or exempting the obligation of the financial services provider shall be *void ab initio* and not enforceable against the financial consumer.
- (3) A financial services provider who fails to adhere to the provisions of subsection (1) shall be liable to an administrative penalty not exceeding SCR10,000.

#### Contract terms

- **20.**(1) A financial services provider shall ensure that the terms in a contract with a financial consumer are expressed in plain and intelligible language.
- (2) Where there is disagreement over the meaning of any contractual provision, the provision shall be given a general meaning advantageous to the financial consumer.

#### Unfair contract terms

- **21.**(1) The terms of a contract shall be fair and shall not be prejudicial to the rights of a financial consumer.
- (2) A term of a contract shall be deemed unfair when it causes an imbalance between the rights of the financial services provider and the financial consumer and is detrimental to the financial consumer.
- (3) In determining the term of a contract as unfair under subsection (2), consideration shall be given to the following
  - (a) the nature of the financial services or product for which the contract is concluded;
  - (b) all other terms of contract between the parties on which the contract is dependent;
  - (c) the interests of the financial services provider;
  - (d) the interests of the particular class of financial consumers who are likely to enter the contract; and
  - (e) all other circumstances at the time of conclusion of the contract
- (4) An unfair term of a contract shall be *void ab initio* and not enforceable against a financial consumer.

# **Cooling-off period**

- **22.**(1) A financial consumer shall, subject to sub-section (2), have a cooling-off period after the date of entering into a contract, within which the financial consumer may terminate such contract relating to any financial service or product.
- (2) The cooling-off period referred to in subsection (1) shall be prescribed by the Competent Authorities from time to time and the period may vary, depending on the financial services or products.
- (3) Where a contract is terminated under subsection (1), the financial services provider shall
  - (a) refund the money that the financial consumer has paid under the contract within 14 working days after the delivery of the notice to terminate;
  - (b) cancel any automatic payment plans and give notice of termination on the CIS; and
  - (c) require the consumer to pay a reasonable fee to compensate for the costs incurred by the financial services provider.
- (4) Every financial services provider shall provide notice of the consumer's right of rescission in all contracts and disclosures in respect of a financial service or product.
- (5) A financial consumer shall, where a contract is terminated under subsection (1), refund the money that the financial services provider has paid under the contract within a period of 14 working days from the delivery of the notice to terminate the contract was given to the financial consumer.

#### PART V - DISTANT PROVISION FOR SERVICES OR PRODUCTS

# **Regulation by Competent Authority**

**23.**(1) Unless prohibited by a Competent Authority, the supply of financial services or products by means of distance communication or the undertaking of distance contracts shall be permitted.

- (2) The Competent Authorities may make regulations
  - (a) to protect the interest of the financial consumer under a distant contract;
  - (b) relating to advertising and marketing of distant contracts;
  - (c) with respect to the transparency, clarity and fairness of distance contracts and the provision of services and products by means of distance communication; and
  - (d) requiring the financial services provider to give information to the financial consumer.
- (3) Provisions to protect financial consumers shall apply irrespective of whether a financial services provider provides the services or products directly or through its agents or third parties.

#### PART VI - ABUSIVE PRACTICES

#### Prohibited acts and conduct

- **24.**(1) A financial services provider shall not put in place any unfair, deceptive or abusive practice.
  - (2) A financial services provider shall not
    - (a) offer or provide any financial services or product in violation of the provisions of this Act;
    - (b) refuse to take any action required under the provisions of this Act or regulations or directions issued under this Act.

# Abusive collection and debt recovery practices

- **25.**(1) (a) A financial services provider shall not apply abusive collection and debt recovery practices against financial consumers and guarantors.
  - (b) The Competent Authorities may by regulations prescribe the

determination of abusive collection and debt recovery practices, referred to in paragraph (a) of this section.

- (2) (a) A financial services provider may, subject to the conditions provided in paragraph (b), appoint a debt collection agency for the recovery of debts.
- (b) Where a debt collection agency has been appointed under paragraph (a), the financial services provider shall inform the financial consumer in advance about the type of debt to be collected by the debt collection agency, the conditions of recovery and the period within which the debt is to be collected by such agency.
- (3) The debt collection agency appointed under subsection (2) shall be bound by the same obligations as to the financial services provider in terms of collection and debt recovery practices.
- (4) The financial services provider shall monitor the debt collection agencies appointed under subsection (2).
- (5) (a) Debt collection agents shall follow the code of conduct specified by the financial services provider in consultation with the Competent Authorities.
- (b) The code of conduct shall be published and made available to financial consumers by financial services providers and displayed on the website of the financial services provider.
- (6) (a) Where a financial services provider exercises its right to foreclose on an asset, it shall inform the financial consumer in writing in advance about the procedures involved, and the process to be used to foreclose on such property it holds as collateral security.
- (b) The financial services provider shall inform the financial consumer about the legal remedies and options available in respect of the foreclosure process.

## **Default interest**

**26.**(1) The rates of default interest or other charges of the same nature and the time from when the default interest or other charge of the same

nature is due shall be stipulated in the contract between a financial services provider and its financial consumer.

(2) The default interest or other charges of the same nature shall not exceed the amount as may be specified by the Competent Authorities each year.

# Exercise of rights against the principal debtor and guarantor

27. Notwithstanding any other law, a financial services provider shall not initiate recovery process against a guarantor unless the recovery process against the principal debtor and the secured properties is initiated in the first instance and has failed to recover the debt from the principal debtor and the secured properties.

#### **Bundling** and tying

- **28.**(1) The financial services provider shall refrain from compelling financial consumers to acquire bundled services or products.
- (2) The financial services provider shall not use tying clauses that unduly restrict the choice of consumers.

# PART VII - PROTECTION OF CONSUMER DATA AND CONFIDENTIALITY

## Confidentiality and protection of non-public consumer data

- **29.**(1) A financial services provider shall not disclose the data of its financial consumers and shall protect the confidentiality of its non-public consumer data and the data shall be utilised only for the purposes specified and agreed to by the financial consumer or as required under any other law.
- (2) The financial services provider shall formulate and adopt adequate confidentiality policies and procedures that
  - (a) enshrine that the non-public consumer data is owned by the financial consumer;
  - (b) clearly set out the financial services provider's practices and policies with respect to non-public consumer data;

- (c) identify any sensitive data collected and processed;
- (d) explain the purposes for which the non-public consumer data is collected and used:
- (e) provide for security practices and procedures to safeguard non-public consumer data; and
- (f) include clear procedures where a financial consumer may voluntarily allow the disclosure of his or her non-public consumer data.
- (3) The confidentiality policy adopted by financial services providers shall be written in simple and understandable language.

# Collection of non-public consumer data

- **30.**(1) Every financial services provider shall disclose to its financial consumers in advance about the
  - (a) manner in which its non-public consumer data is processed and stored;
  - (b) purpose for which the non-public consumer data is being collected;
  - (c) intended recipients of the non-public consumer data; and
  - (d) contact details of the financial services provider collecting the non-public consumer data.
- (2) Every financial consumer shall have the right to review the consumer's non-public consumer data and to correct or amend any inaccurate or deficient data, if found incorrect.

# Storage of non-public consumer data

- **31.** Every financial services provider shall
  - (a) implement reasonable and appropriate organisational, physical and technical measures for the protection of non-

- public consumer data against unlawful access, destruction, misuse or accidental loss;
- (b) determine the appropriate level of security that shall be maintained to preserve the confidential nature of non-public consumer data, taking into account the risks of processing, size of the organisation, current privacy practices and cost of implementation;
- (c) require that all of its non-public consumer data controllers and third parties processing personal information shall abide by a confidentiality clause similar in nature to privacy provisions; and
- (d) report to the appropriate Competent Authority and to the affected financial consumers within 24 hours of any security breaches resulting from the unauthorised disclosure of non-public consumer data.

# Disclosure of non-public consumer data

- **32.** A financial services provider may disclose non-public consumer data to a third party in the following circumstances
  - (a) where the financial consumer has been informed about such disclosure and permission has been given in writing by such consumer;
  - (b) where the third party in question has been authorised by the financial consumer to obtain the data from the financial services provider; and
  - (c) where the financial services provider is required to disclose the non-public consumer data under mandated Credit Reporting or under any other law or by a court order.

#### PART VIII - INTERNAL POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

# Sale of service of products

**33.**(1) Employees engaged in the sale of financial services or products or in advising customers shall perform their duties in accordance with good

business customs and professional ethics and integrity, observe the financial customer's person and inform customers fully about the terms for use of those services or products.

- (2) Every financial services provider shall arrange for adequate and continuous training to its employees.
- (3) The Competent Authorities shall specify types of complex and high risk services or products from time to time.
- (4) A financial services provider shall report and receive the approval of the Competent Authority before the initial sale of complex and high-risk services or products.
- (5) The person responsible for a branch unit in Seychelles shall seek approval from the Competent Authority for the sale of complex and high-risk services or products where the branch unit is a foreign financial services provider.
- (6) Where a financial services provider fails to comply with subsections (1), (2), (4) or (5), the financial services provider shall be liable to an administrative penalty not exceeding SCR100,000.

## Sales personnel remuneration policy

- **34.**(1) Every financial services provider shall formulate and adopt a sales personnel remuneration policy and have it approved by its Board of Directors.
- (2) A financial services provider shall not provide incentives to staff, management, agents or third-party service providers that encourage unethical consumer treatment or over-indebtedness.
- (3) A financial services provider shall give equitable consideration to consumer rights and interests, the various risks that the financial services or products pose to the financial industry and customers, and shall not only consider the sales performance target achievement of such services or products by the sales personnel.

(4) Where a financial services provider fails to comply with subsection (1) or subsection (2), the financial services provider shall be liable to an administrative penalty not exceeding SCR25,000.

#### PART IX - FINANCIAL CONSUMER DISPUTES

## Internal complaint handling unit

- **35.**(1) Every financial services provider shall establish an internal Complaint Handling Unit to receive complaints from the financial consumer, either in person or in writing, telephone, e-mail, webpage or other similar methods.
- (2) Every financial services provider shall implement and maintain such procedures for the Complaint Handling Unit in such manner as the Competent Authorities may prescribe by regulations.
- (3) The financial services provider shall set a timeline for resolving each complaint, which shall not exceed the timeframe prescribed by the Competent Authorities.
- (4) A financial services provider shall inform a financial consumer of the procedure to appeal or to further pursue a complaint in the event of an adverse decision, including the resolution process specified by the appropriate Competent Authority.
- (5) The appropriate Competent Authority may monitor the complaint handling process.
- (6) The Competent Authorities may exempt a financial services provider from establishing a Complaint Handling Unit considering the size of the financial services provider or any other relevant conditions.
- (7) Notwithstanding subsection (6), every financial services provider shall have in place a complaint handling procedure in line with the requirements of the appropriate Competent Authority.

## Complaint handling mechanism by Competent Authority

**36.**(1) The Competent Authorities shall establish a complaint handling mechanism as may be prescribed by regulations.

(2) No complaint shall be entertained by the Competent Authorities under this section for any act or omission by the financial services provider after a period of three years from the date of occurrence of the act or omission.

## Confidentiality during proceedings

- 37. The Competent Authorities and their personnel shall keep confidential
  - (a) the application and any explanatory material or concessions submitted to the other party of the financial consumer dispute during the course of the dispute;
  - (b) material and information pertaining to the case,

unless they are already in the public domain, or any other law requires that they be made public.

#### Remedies

- **38.** The Competent Authorities may, take one or more of the following measures in the case of violation of any of the provisions of this Act by a financial services provider or on an application by the aggrieved person
  - (a) make an order or declare the whole or part of a contract made between the financial consumer who suffered, or is likely to suffer loss or damage, and the financial services provider to be *void* and if the Competent Authority thinks fit, to be *void ab initio* or at all times on and after such date before the date on which the order is made;
  - (b) make an order or direction varying such contract or arrangement in such manner as may be specified in the order and, if the Competent Authority thinks fit, declare the contract or arrangement to have effect as so varied on and after such date or before the date on which the order is made;

- (c) make an order or direction directing the person who engaged in the wrongful conduct to refund money or return property to the person who suffered the loss or direct damage;
- (d) make an order or direction directing the person who engaged in the wrongful conduct to pay to the person who suffered the loss or damage the amount of the loss or direct damage;
- (e) publish the names of the offenders;
- (f) refer the matter to criminal authorities for prosecution.

## **Compliance with Competent Authority decision**

- **39.**(1) Every financial services provider shall comply with the decision of the Competent Authority made under section 38, within the time limits specified in its decision.
- (2) Where the financial services provider fails to comply with the decision of the Competent Authority within the specified time, the Competent Authority shall take enforcement action under section 12.

#### PART X - DAMAGES

## Liability for damages

- **40.**(1) Every financial services provider shall, subject to subsection (2), be liable to damages under section 38(d), where the financial services provider violates any of the provisions of this Act, causing direct and consequential damage to a financial consumer.
- (2) A financial services provider shall not be liable where the financial services provider can prove that the occurrence of the harm was not due to
  - (a) its failure to understand the suitability of a service or product to the financial consumer;

- (b) its failure to provide an explanation, or where an explanation provided was untrue or incorrect; or
- (c) its failure to fully disclose risks to the financial consumer.

## **Punitive damages**

- **41.**(1) A Court may, in response to a claim filed by a financial consumer, award punitive damages as it deems reasonable for the damage caused by an act of misconduct of a financial services provider.
- (2) A Court may also award punitive damages up to the amount of the actual damage, where the damage was caused by negligence of the financial services provider.
- (3) The Competent Authority shall not award punitive damages under the Complaint Handling Mechanism established under this Act to settle the financial consumer disputes.
- (4) The right to claim punitive damages shall be extinguished if not exercised within two years from the date the claimant has knowledge of the cause entitling him for damages, or within five years from the date of occurrence of such cause for damages, whichever is earlier.

#### PART XI - MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

## Offences and penalties

- **42.**(1) A financial services provider, who contravenes any of the provisions of this Act shall be deemed to have committed an offence and where no penalty has been provided for such offence, the financial services provider shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding SCR400,000.
- (2) In determining the appropriate penalty for the purposes of this section, the Court shall have regard to the following
  - (a) the nature, duration, gravity and the extent of the contravention;
  - (b) any loss or damage suffered as a result of the contravention;

- (c) the behaviour of the financial services provider;
- (d) the market circumstances in which the contravention took place;
- (e) the level of profit derived from the contravention;
- (f) the degree to which the financial services provider cooperated with the Competent Authority; and
- (g) whether the financial services provider has previously been found in contravention of this Act.
- (3) The Court may waive payment of all or part of the payment of the penalty which would otherwise be payable under this Act where there are exceptional circumstances in a particular case.

## Power to compound an offence

- **43.**(1) Subject to this section, a Competent Authority may in consultation with the Attorney General, if satisfied that a financial services provider has committed an offence under this Act, where the offence is punishable by a fine, compound the offence in *lieu* of instituting proceedings under this Act.
- (2) The Competent Authority shall exercise the power under subsection (1) if the financial services provider accepts in writing liability to the offence.
- (3) Where an offence is compounded under subsection (1), no proceedings shall be instituted in relation to that offence against the financial services provider.
- (4) The Competent Authority, after identifying the offence shall notify the financial services provider in writing of
  - (a) the offence;
  - (b) the amount of compounded monetary penalty that may be agreed to;

- (c) the requirement for the financial services provider to notify the Competent Authority in writing, no later than 14 days after receipt of the Competent Authority's written notification of the financial services provider's refusal or acceptance to compound the offence;
- (d) the requirement for the financial services provider which agrees for the offence to be compounded to make payment of the compounded monetary penalty to the Competent Authority no later than 5 days after acceptance of the written notification under subparagraph (c);
- (e) the manner in which payment under subparagraph (d) shall be made to the Competent Authority; and
- (f) any other information deemed relevant by the Competent Authority.
- (5) The compounded monetary penalty shall not exceed the maximum fine prescribed under this Act.
- (6) Acceptance to compound an offence and payment thereof shall be final and conclusive.
- (7) Where the terms of the agreement to compound an offence has been breached, the Competent Authority may institute appropriate legal proceedings.

## Services provided or products offered from abroad

**44.** Without prejudice to the authorisation mechanisms established under relevant legislation to provide financial services or products in the country, the provisions of this Act shall be mandatory in relation to any financial service provided or product offered in Seychelles, notwithstanding the location of the financial services provider and the applicable law.

## Regulations and directions

**45.**(1) The Competent Authorities may make regulations to carry out the purposes and objectives of this Act.

- (2) Without prejudice to the generality of the provisions of subsection (1), regulations may provide for
  - (a) appropriate product design and delivery;
  - (b) the prevention of over-indebtedness;
  - (c) transparency;
  - (d) the methodology for pricing;
  - (e) retention period of other forms of information;
  - (f) fair and respectful treatment of financial consumers;
  - (g) privacy of consumer data;
  - (h) distant provision of services and products;
  - (i) the procedures to enforce security interests;
  - (j) mechanisms for complaint resolution; and
  - (k) amendment of the Schedule.
- (3) A Competent Authority may, for the discharge of its functions under this Act, issue such directions from time to time to the financial services providers, as it may consider necessary:

Provided that no direction under this section shall be issued except on the matters relating to implementation of section 12 and section 24(2)(b).

## Right to Appeal

**46.** Any person aggrieved by a decision of a Competent Authority made under sections 8(3), 9(2), 11(3), 12, 16(5), 17(4), 18(7), 19(3), 33(6) and 34(4) may file an Appeal before the Supreme Court.

## **Transitional provision**

- **47.**(1) Every financial services provider shall comply with the provisions of this Act within six months from the coming into force of this Act.
- (2) Within such period of time, the Competent Authorities shall adopt adequate measures to permit smooth implementation of this Act within individual services or products according to the needs and requirements under this Act.

#### **SCHEDULE**

(Section 4)

#### **Financial Services Provider**

#### PART A

A licensee under the Financial Institutions Act.

The Development Bank established under the Development Bank of Seychelles Decree.

Housing Finance Company Limited.

A credit union established under the Credit Union Act.

A licensee under the Financial Leasing Act.

A payment services provider and operator of a payment, clearing or settlement system under the National Payment System Act.

## PART B

A licensee under the Mutual Fund and Hedge Fund Act.

A licensee under the Hire Purchase and Credit Sale Act.

A licensee under the Securities Act.

A licensee under the Insurance Act.

I certify that this is a correct copy of the Bill which was passed by the National Assembly on  $23^{\rm rd}$  March, 2022.

Mrs. Tania Isaac

Clerk to the National Assembly

#### S.I. 47 of 2022

#### LAND RECLAMATION ACT

(Cap 106)

# Notification of proposed reclamation at Cascade under section 6(2) and (3) of Cap 106

WHEREAS Ms. Ketty Sophie, (hereinafter "the applicant") has applied for authorization under section 6 of the Land Reclamation Act (Cap 106) (hereinafter "the Act"), to fill in and reclaim an area of foreshore of approximately 204 sq. metres and construct to the reclamation a rock armouring wall (hereinafter "the undertaking") at Cascade, adjacent to the public road;

**AND WHEREAS** the undertaking is demarcated by the coordinates specified under the Schedule of this Notice and a plan is hereunder attached;

**AND WHEREAS** the applicant has agreed to carry out the undertaking at her own cost;

**AND WHEREAS** the Republic will at completion of the undertaking, transfer the land reclaimed to the applicant;

**AND WHEREAS** the applicant has agreed to complete the reclamation of the undertaking not later than two years from the date of grant of Planning permission;

**AND WHEREAS** the President is desirous of authorising the reclamation of the undertaking or the performance of other works over and upon the foreshore specified in the Schedule of this notice and the plan illustrated thereunder by the applicant;

**NOW, THEREFORE,** pursuant to section 6(2) of the Act, this notice calls upon all persons having objections to the undertaking or any claims of private right with respect of the undertaking, to submit to the Chief Executive Officer, before the expiration of **04**<sup>th</sup> **June,2022**, objections or

claims in writing, specifying the nature thereof and giving an estimate of any loss which it is alleged would be incurred by reason of the extinguishment of any private right.

#### **SCHEDULE**

## Coordinates of the outer limit of the proposed reclamation at Cascade

## Protection-UTM Zone 40 South Datum-WGS84

Point	<b>Easting</b>	Northing
AG484	333878.25	9484053.74
GP568	333886.16	9484048.20
GP964	333872.28	9484031.91
AG508	333864.33	9484036.76



MADE this 4th day of April, 2022.

WAVEL RAMKALAWAN PRESIDENT

#### S.I. 49 of 2022

#### TERTIARY EDUCATION (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2022

(Act 5 of 2022)

## Tertiary Education (Amendment) Act (Commencement) Notice, 2022

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2 of the Tertiary Education (Amendment) Act, 2022, the Minister responsible for Education hereby makes the following notice —

#### Citation

1. This notice may be cited as the Tertiary Education (Amendment) Act (Commencement) Notice, 2022.

#### Commencement of Act 5 of 2022

**2.** The Tertiary Education (Amendment) Act, 2022 shall come into operation on the 1<sup>st</sup> day of May, 2022.

MADE this 22<sup>nd</sup> day of April, 2022.

JUSTIN VALENTIN MINISTER OF EDUCATION

#### S.I. 48 of 2022

## SEYCHELLES QUALIFICATIONS AUTHORITY ACT, 2021

(Act 57 of 2021)

## Seychelles Qualifications Authority Act, 2021 (Commencement) Notice, 2022

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Seychelles Qualifications Authority Act, 2021, the Minister responsible for Education hereby makes the following notice —

#### Citation

1. This notice may be cited as the Seychelles Qualifications Authority Act, 2021 (Commencement) Notice, 2022.

#### Commencement of Act 57 of 2021

**2.** The Seychelles Qualifications Authority Act, 2021 shall come into operation on the 1<sup>st</sup> day of May, 2022.

MADE this 22<sup>nd</sup> day of April, 2022.

JUSTIN VALENTIN MINISTER OF EDUCATION