GOVERNMENT OF ZAMBIA

STATUTORY INSTRUMENT No. 22 of 2012

The Provincial and District Boundaries Act (Laws, Volume 16, Cap. 286)

The Provincial and District Boundaries (Division) (Amendment) Order, 2012

In EXERCISE of the powers contained in section two of the Provincial and District Boundaries Act the following Order is hereby made:

1. This Order may be cited as the Provincial and District Boundaries (Division) (Amendment) Order, 2012, and shall be read as one with the Provincial and District Boundaries (Division) Order, 1996, in this Order referred to as the principal Order,

Title S. I. No. 106 of 1996

.. The First Schedule to the principal Order is amended—
(a) under Southern Province, in the Second Column, by the deletion of Chirundu District, Itezhi-Tezhi District and Siavonga District;

Amendment of First Schedule

(b) by the insertion, under Lusaka Province, in the Second Column, of the following districts:

The Chirundu District; and

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The Siavonga District; and

(c) by the insertion, under Central Province, in the Second column, of the following district:

The Itezhi-Tezhi District.

3. The Second Schedule to the principal Order is amended—

(a) Under Southern Province, by the deletion of the boundary descriptions of Chirundu, Itezhi-Tezhi and Siavonga Districts respectively; and

Amendment of Second Schedule

(b) by the insertion—

- (i) under Lusaka Province, in the appropriate place, of the boundary description of Chirundu District and Siavonga District set out in the Appendix; and
- (ii) under Central Province, in the appropriate place, of the boundary of Itezhi-Tezhi District set out in the Appendix.

APPENDIX (Paragraph 3)

SIAVONGA DISTRICT

Starting at the confluence (Coordinates 695000 E:8183300 N) of the Kapa Stream with Zambezi River, the boundary proceeds eastwards in a straight line to a point on the international boundary between Zambia and Zimbabwe; thence along the international boundary in the southern direction to a point southwest of the confluence of the Lufua River with the Zambezi River; thence in a straight line to the confluence of the Lufua River with the Zambezi River; thence up the Lufua River to its confluence with Lutembo River; thence in a straight line to Nakasonso Hill; thence the boundary follows the Zambezi Valley Escarpment eastwards to the point where the Lusitu River breaks through this escarpment; thence in a straight line north-wards to the source of the Malengo Stream; thence down the Malengo Stream, to a point (Coordinates 661000 E:8225000 N) where Malengo Stream, crosses road T2; thence the boundary proceeds in a straight line in the southwards direction for approximately 26.4 Kms to an unanamed stream (Coordinates 655400 E:8198200 N); thence it continues in a straight line in an easterly direction for approximately 31.5 Kms to a point (Coordinates 685800 E:8185000 N) where it crosses road M15; thence it proceeds in a straight line, in an easterly direction for approximately 11 Kms to the source (Coordinates 691000 E:8184000 N) of Kapa Stream; thence it follows Kapa Stream in an easterly direction to its confluence with the Zambezi River at the point of starting.

CHIRUNDU DISTRICT

Starting at the confluence (Coordinates 675400 E:8237000 N) of Zambezi and Kafue Rivers, the district boundary follows the Zambia-Zimbabwe international boundary along the Zambezi River in a southerly direction to the confluence (Coordinates 695000 E:8183300 N) of Zambezi River and Kapa Stream; thence it follows in the north-westerly direction along Kapa Stream to its source (Coordinates 691000 E:8184000 N) for approximately 2.0 Kms; thence if follows in a straight line, in the north-westerly direction for approximately 9.0 Kms to the point (Coordinates 685800 E:8185600 N) where it crosses the road M15; thence it continues in a straight line in hte same north-westerly direction for approximately 31.5 Kms to a point (Coordinates 655400 E:819800 N) on the unnamed-stream; thence the boundary proceeds in the straight line, in a northerly direction for approximately 26.4 Kms to a point (Coordinates 661000 E:8225000 N) where Malengo Stream, crosses road T2; thence the boundary continues in a north-easterly direction along Malengo Stream to its confluence (Coordinates 663300 E:8226200 N) with Musaya River; thence it continues along Musaya

northerly direction along Nakayambe Stream for approximately 4.3 Kms to its source (Coordinates 663000 E:8231000 N); thence, the boundary follows in a northerly direction to the source of another un-named stream (Coordinates 663000 E:8230000 N) thence along the un-named stream to its confluence (Coordinates 666200 E:8232300 N) with the Chisangazi Stream to its confluence (Coordinates 666200 E:8238100 N) with Wamba Stream; thence the boundary follows Wamba Stream in a north-easterly direction to its confluence (Coordinates 669900 E:8241000 N) with Kafue River; thence the boundary follows Kafue River in an easterly direction to its confluence with the Zambezi River, the point of starting.

ITEZHI-TEZHI DISTRICT

Starting at Beacon KNPW 32 on the watershed between Zambezi and Kafue Basins and approximately 70 kilometres due west of the confluence; thence continuing eastwards for approximately 40 kilometres to Chinenga Old Boma; thence eastwards for approximately 43 kilometres to Cholobeti Hills; thence southeast wards through a point on the Chibila River 1.5 kilometres south of the crossing of the Old Mumbwa-Namwala main path for a distance of approximately 7 kilometres to a point east of Chibila River; thence south westwards for approximately 12 kilometres to Shimalula Pool; thence due east for approximately 24 kilometres; thence southeast wards for 28 kilometres to a point abount 9.5 kilometres south west of Beacon E65A of Farm No. 3131 "Blue Lagoon"; thence south south-southwards to a point on the Kafue River 6.5 kilometres from the north western Beacon V of Farm No. 55a "Lochinvar"; thence up the Kafue River to a point approximately 3 kilometres downstream of the confluence of the Kafue River and Baunza Stream; thence throught the centre line of Mulela Plain leaving the Kashishi Stream to the east and through the Ilumba Plain for a distance of approximately 32 kilometres to the source of the Nombanga Stream; thence in a straight line to the confluence of the Sikalete Stream with an unnamed tributary and continuing in the same direction for a distance of approximately 5 kilometres; thence in the south-eastern direction passing through the Shapuya Hills for a distance of approximately 28 kilometres to Beacon G on the Shapuwa Stream approximately 1.5 kilometres east of the point where the path from Kalomo to Luchena crosses the Shapuya Stream; thence southwest-wards for a distance of approximately 27 kilometres to the southern edge of the Idiamaala Pool; thence southwestwards for a distance of approximately 55 kilometres to the source of the Siazingu River on the watershed between Nanzhila, Choma, Kafwifwi Nkaka and Musa Rivers on the north and the Ngwezi, Mulobezi and Kalobe Rivers on the south; thence generally northwards along this watershed passing through Beacon KNPW 1 to KNPW 31, inclusive for a distance of approximately 205 kilometres to Beacon KNPW 32, the point of starting.

MICHAEL C. SATA,

President

LUSAKA

10th April, 2012 [мьсн.101/14/171]